

Model: Date: Version:

(ch.1-ch.16)

00H-7FH (0-127)

1. Receive data

Channel Voice Messages

Note off

<u>Status</u>	2nd byte	3rd byte
8nH	kkH	vvH
9nH	kkH	00H
n = MIDI chan	nel number:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)
kk = note number:		00H-7FH (0-127)

00H-7FH (0-127) 00H-7FH (0-127)

* For Drum Parts, these messages are received when Rx.NOTE OFF = ON for each Instrument.

* The velocity values of Note Off messages are ignored.

Note on

vv = note off velocity:

<u>Status</u>	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>
9nH	kkH	vvH
n = MIDI channel number:		0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)
kk = note number:		00H-7FH (0-127)
vv = note on velocity:		01H-7FH (1-127)

* Not received when Rx.NOTE MESSAGE = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

* For Drum Parts, not received when Rx.NOTE ON = OFF for each Instrument.

Polyphonic Key Pressure

Status	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>
AnH	kkH	vvH
n = MIDI channel number:		0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)
kk = note number:		00H-7FH (0-127)
vv = key pressure:		00H-7FH (0-127)

* Not received when Rx.POLY PRESSURE (PAf) = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

* The resulting effect is determined by System Exclusive messages. With the initial settings, there will be no effect.

Control Change

- * When Rx.CONTROL CHANGE = OFF, all control change messages except for Channel Mode messages will be ignored.
- * The value specified by a Control Change message will not be reset even by a Program Change, etc.

OBank Select (Controller number 0, 32)

<u>Status</u>	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>	
BnH	00H	mmH	
BnH	20H	11H	
	1 1	011 F11 (1 1 1 1 ()	

n = MIDI channel number:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)
mm, ll = Bank number:	00H, 00H-7FH, 7FH (bank.1-bank.16384),
	Initial Value = 00 00H (bank.1)

- * Not received when Rx.BANK SELECT = OFF.
- "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to OFF by "GM1 System On," and Bank Select message will be ignored.
- * "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to ON by "GM2 System On."
- * "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to ON by power-on Reset or by receiving "GS RESET."
- * When Rx.BANK SELECT LSB = OFF, Bank number LSB (IIH) will be handled as 00H regardless of the received value. However, when sending Bank Select messages, you have to send both the MSB (mmH) and LSB (IIH, the value should be 00H) together.
- * Bank Select processing will be suspended until a Program Change message is received.
 * The GS format "Variation number" is the value of the Bank Select MSB (Controller number 0) expressed in decimal.
- * Some other GS devices do not recognize the Bank Select LSB (Controller number 32).

OModulation (Controller number 1)

Status	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>
BnH	01H	vvH
n = MIDI chanr	el number:	0H-FH (c

vv = Modulation depth:

Not received when Rx.MODULATION = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

* The resulting effect is determined by System Exclusive messages. With the initial settings, this is Pitch Modulation Depth.

OPortamento Time (Controller number 5)

Status	2nd bytes	3rd byte
BnH	05H	vvH
NUDI 1		

 n = MIDI channel number:
 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

 vv = Portamento Time:
 00H-7FH (0-127), Initial value = 00H (0)

* This adjusts the rate of pitch change when Portamento is ON or when using the Portamento Control. A value of 0 results in the fastest change.

OData Entry (Controller number 6, 38)

Status	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>
BnH	06H	mmH
BnH	26H	11H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) mm, ll = the value of the parameter specified by RPN/NRPN mm = MSB, ll = LSB

OVolume (Controller number 7)

Status	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>
BnH	07H	vvH
n = MIDI channel nu	imber:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = Volume: 00H-7FH (0-127), Initial Value = 64H (100)

* Volume messages are used to adjust the volume balance of each Part.

* Not received when Rx.VOLUME = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

⊖Pan	(Controller	number	10)
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<u>Status</u>	<u>2nd bytes</u>	<u>3rd byte</u>
BnH	0AH	vvH
n = MIDI channel ni	umber:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)
vv = pan:		00H-40H-7FH (Left-Center-Right),
		Initial Value = 40H (Center)

* For Rhythm Parts, this is a relative adjustment of each Instrument's pan setting.

- * Some Tones are not capable of being panned all the way to the left or right.
- * Not received when Rx.PANPOT = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

OExpression (Controller number 11)

Status	2nd bytes	3rd byte
BnH	0BH	vvH
n = MIDI channel	number:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)
vv = Expression:		00H-7FH (0-127), Initial Value = 7FH (127)

- * This adjusts the volume of a Part. It can be used independently from Volume messages. Expression messages are used for musical expression within a performance; e.g., expression pedal movements, crescendo and decrescendo.
- * Not received when Rx.EXPRESSION = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

OHold 1 (Controller number 64)

<u>Status</u>	<u>2nd bytes</u>	<u>3rd byte</u>
BnH	40H	vvH
n = MIDI channel nu vv = Control value:	ımber:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH (0-127)

* Not received when Rx.HOLD1 = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

BnH	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>	○Vibrato I	Rate (Controller numb	oer 76)	
DITT	41H	vvH	<u>Status</u> BnH	<u>2nd byte</u> 4CH	<u>3rd byte</u> vvH	2
n = MIDI channel	l number: 0H-FH (ch.1-c	h.16)				
vv = Control valu	ie : 00H-7FH (0-127) 0	-63 = OFF, 64-127 = ON	n = MIDI cha	annel number:	0H-FH ((ch.1-ch.16)
			vv = Vibrato	Rate value (relative chang	e): 00H-7FF	H(-64 - 0 - +63),
 Not received v 	when Rx.PORTAMENT	O = OFF. (Initial value is ON)			Initial va	alue = 40H (no change)
⊖Sostenuto (Controller number (66)	* Some Tor	nes will not exhibit any cha	nge.	
<u>Status</u>	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>				
BnH	42H	vvH	Status	Depth (Controller nun 2nd byte	1ber 77) <u>3rd byte</u>	N
n = MIDI channel	l number:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)	BnH	4DH	vvH	<u>-</u>
vv = Control valu		00H-7FH (0.127) 0.63 = OFF, 64-127 = ON	DITT	4011	**11	
			n = MIDI cha	annel number:	0H-FH ((ch.1-ch.16)
* Not received v	when Rx.SOSTENUTO =	= OFF. (Initial value is ON)		Depth Value (relative char	nge):00H-7F	FH(-64 - 0 - +63),
⊖Soft (Contro	oller number 67)				Initial V	alue = 40H (no change)
Status	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>	* Some Tor	nes will not exhibit any cha	nge.	
BnH	43H	vvH				
			○Vibrato I	Delay (Controller num	ber 78)	
n = MIDI channel	l number:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)	Status	2nd byte	<u>3rd byte</u>	2
vv = Control valu	ıe:	00H-7FH (0-127) 0-63 = OFF, 64-127 = ON	BnH	4EH	vvH	
* Not received v	when Rx.SOFT = OFF. (I	nitial value is ON)	n = MIDI ch	annel number:	0H-FH ((ch.1-ch.16)
	vill not exhibit any chang	,		Delay value (relative chan		
come rones n	in not exclusive any enang		VV Vibrato	Denty ville (relative chain		alue=40H (no change)
OFilter Reson	ance (Timbre/Harm	onic Intensity) (Controller number 71)				
Status	2nd byte	<u>3rd byte</u>	* Some Tor	nes will not exhibit any cha	nge.	
BnH	47H	vvH			Ŭ.	
			OPortame	ento control (Controlle	er number	r 84)
n = MIDI channel	l number:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)	Status	2nd bytes	3rd byte	2
vv= Resonance va	alue (relative change):	00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63),	BnH	54H	kkH	
		Initial value = 40H (no change)				
				annel number:		(ch.1-ch.16)
 * Some Tones w 	vill not exhibit any chang	ge.	kk = source i	note number:	00H-7FF	H (0-127)
ORelease Tim	e (Controller numb	er 72)	* A Note-o	on received immediately	after a Poi	rtamento Control message will chan
Status	2nd byte	<u>3rd byte</u>		usly in pitch, starting from		°
BnH	48H	vvH		, , ,	*	per identical to the Source Note Numb
			this voice	e will continue sounding	(i.e., legate	o) and will, when the next Note-on
n = MIDI channel	l number:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)	received,	smoothly change to the pit	ch of that N	Jote-on.
vv = Release Time	e value (relative change)): 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63),			sed by Por	rtamento Control is determined by
		Initial value = 40H (no change)	Portamen	nto Time value.		
	/ill not exhibit any chanş	ge.	Example 1.			
	rill not exhibit any chang	ge.	<u>On MIDI</u>	Description		Result
* Some Tones w	rill not exhibit any chanş (Controller number	-	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40	Note on C4		C4 on
* Some Tones w O Attack time		-	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro	m C4	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding)
* Some Tones w O Attack time <u>Status</u>	(Controller number	73)	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4	m C4	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4
* Some Tones w • Attack time • <u>Status</u> BnH	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H	7 3) <u>3rd byte</u> vvH	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4	m C4	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change
 Some Tones w Attack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel 	(Controller number <u>2nd byte</u> 49H I number:	7 3) <u>3rd byte</u> vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4	m C4	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4
 Some Tones w Attack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H	73) <u>3rd byte</u> vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63),	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4	m C4	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change
 Some Tones w Attack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel 	(Controller number <u>2nd byte</u> 49H I number:	7 3) <u>3rd byte</u> vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2.	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4	m C4	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off
 * Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H I number: value (relative change):	 73) <u>3rd byte</u> vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) 	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. <u>On MIDI</u>	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 Description		C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off <u>Result</u>
 * Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time 	(Controller number <u>2nd byte</u> 49H I number:	 73) <u>3rd byte</u> vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) 	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2.	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4		C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off <u>Result</u> no change
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 Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time * Some Tones w OCutoff (Cont 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H I number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74)	73) <u>3rd byte</u> vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) ge.	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. <u>On MIDI</u> B0 54 3C 90 40 40	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 <u>Description</u> Portamento Control fro Note on E4		C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off <u>Result</u> no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to E
 Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time Some Tones w OCutoff (Cont Status 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H I number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74) 2nd byte	73) 3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) 3e.	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. <u>On MIDI</u> B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 <u>Description</u> Portamento Control fro Note on E4	m C4	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off <u>Result</u> no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to F E4 off
 Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time Some Tones w OCutoff (Cont Status 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H I number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74)	73) <u>3rd byte</u> vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) ge.	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. <u>On MIDI</u> B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 <u>Description</u> Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off E4	m C4	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off <u>Result</u> no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to F E4 off er number 91)
 Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time * Some Tones w 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H l number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74) 2nd byte 4AH	3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) ge. 3rd byte vvH	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. <u>On MIDI</u> B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 <u>Description</u> Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off E4 (Reverb Send Level) (m C4 Controlle	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off <u>Result</u> no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to E E4 off er number 91)
 Some Tones w Attack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time Some Tones w Cutoff (Contemport Status BnH n = MIDI channel 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H l number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74) 2nd byte 4AH	73) 3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) 3e.	On MIDI 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. On MIDI B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40 OEffect 1 Status BnH	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 <u>Description</u> Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off E4 (Reverb Send Level) (<u>2nd bytes</u> 5BH	m C4 Controlle 3rd byte vvH	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off <u>Result</u> no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to F E4 off er number 91)
 Some Tones w Attack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time Some Tones w Cutoff (Contemport Status BnH n = MIDI channel 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H l number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74) 2nd byte 4AH l number:	73) 3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) ge. 3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. <u>On MIDI</u> B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40 OEffect 1 <u>Status</u> BnH n = MIDI cha	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 Description Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off E4 (Reverb Send Level) (<u>2nd bytes</u> 5BH annel number: 0H-FH (ch.1	m C4 Controlle <u>3rd byte</u> vvH -ch.16)	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off Result no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to I E4 off er number 91)
 * Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time * Some Tones w OCutoff (Cont Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Cutoff value 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H I number: value (relative change): rill not exhibit any change troller number 74) 2nd byte 4AH I number: e (relative change):	3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) ge. 3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value = 40H (no change)	<u>On MIDI</u> 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. <u>On MIDI</u> B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40 OEffect 1 <u>Status</u> BnH n = MIDI cha	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 <u>Description</u> Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off E4 (Reverb Send Level) (<u>2nd bytes</u> 5BH	m C4 Controlle <u>3rd byte</u> vvH -ch.16)	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off Result no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to E E4 off er number 91)
 * Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time * Some Tones w OCutoff (Cont Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Cutoff value 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H l number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74) 2nd byte 4AH l number:	3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) ge. 3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value = 40H (no change)	On MIDI 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. <u>On MIDI</u> B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40 OEffect 1 Status BnH n = MIDI cha vv = Control	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 Description Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off E4 (Reverb Send Level) (<u>2nd bytes</u> 5BH annel number: 0H-FH (ch.1	m C4 Controlle <u>3rd byte</u> vvH -ch.16) Initial Valu	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off Result no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to F E4 off er number 91) 2 au = 28H (40)
 * Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time * Some Tones w OCutoff (Cont Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Cutoff value * Some Tones w 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H I number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74) 2nd byte 4AH I number: e (relative change): vill not exhibit any change	73) $\frac{3 \text{ rd byte}}{\text{ vvH}}$ 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) 3e. $\frac{3 \text{ rd byte}}{\text{ vvH}}$ 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value = 40H (no change) 3e.	On MIDI 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. <u>On MIDI</u> B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40 OEffect 1 Status BnH n = MIDI cha vv = Control	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 Description Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off E4 (Reverb Send Level) (2nd bytes 5BH annel number: 0H-FH (ch.1 value : 00H-7FH (0-127)	m C4 Controlle <u>3rd byte</u> vvH -ch.16) Initial Valu	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off Result no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to F E4 off er number 91) 2 au = 28H (40)
 * Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time * Some Tones w OCutoff (Cont Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Cutoff value * Some Tones w ODecay Time 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H I number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74) 2nd byte 4AH I number: e (relative change): vill not exhibit any change (Controller number	73) $\frac{3 \text{ rd byte}}{\text{ vvH}}$ 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) ge. $\frac{3 \text{ rd byte}}{\text{ vvH}}$ 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value = 40H (no change) ge. 75)	On MIDI 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. <u>On MIDI</u> B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40 OEffect 1 Status BnH n = MIDI cha vv = Control * This mess	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 Description Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off E4 (Reverb Send Level) (2nd bytes 5BH annel number: 0H-FH (ch.1 value : 00H-7FH (0-127)	m C4 Controlle <u>3rd byte</u> vvH -ch.16) Initial Valu d Level of e	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off Result no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to F E4 off er number 91) 2 are = 28H (40) each Part.
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 * Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time * Some Tones w OCutoff (Contemport Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Cutoff value * Some Tones w ODecay Time Status 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H I number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74) 2nd byte 4AH I number: e (relative change): vill not exhibit any change (Controller number	73) $\frac{3 \text{ rd byte}}{\text{ vvH}}$ 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) ge. $\frac{3 \text{ rd byte}}{\text{ vvH}}$ 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value = 40H (no change) ge. 75)	On MIDI 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. <u>On MIDI</u> B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40 OEffect 1 Status BnH n = MIDI cha vv = Control * This mess	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 Description Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off E4 (Reverb Send Level) (2nd bytes 5BH annel number: 0H-FH (0-127) sage adjusts the Reverb Ser (Chorus Send Level)	m C4 Controlle <u>3rd byte</u> vvH -ch.16) Initial Valu Id Level of e (Controlle	C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off Result no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to I E4 off er number 91) 2 are = 28H (40) each Part. Er number 93)
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 * Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time * Some Tones w OCutoff (Contone) Status BnH n = MIDI channel * Some Tones w ODecay Time Status BnH n = MIDI channel 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H I number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74) 2nd byte 4AH I number: e (relative change): vill not exhibit any change (Controller number 2nd byte 4BH I number:	73) <u>3rd byte</u> vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) ge. <u>3rd byte</u> vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value = 40H (no change) ge. 75) <u>3rd byte</u> vvH	On MIDI 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. On MIDI B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40 OEffect 1 Status BnH n = MIDI cha vv = Control * This mess OEffect 3 Status BnH n = MIDI cha	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 Description Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off E4 (Reverb Send Level) (2nd bytes 5BH annel number: 0H-FH (0-127) sage adjusts the Reverb Ser (Chorus Send Level) (2nd bytes 5DH annel number:	m C4 Controlle <u>3rd byte</u> vvH -ch.16) Initial Valu d Level of e (Controlle <u>3rd byte</u> vvH 0H-FH (C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off Result no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to F E4 off er number 91) e ae = 28H (40) each Part. Fr number 93) e (ch.1-ch.16)
 * Some Tones w OAttack time Status BnH n = MIDI channel vv = Attack time * Some Tones w OCutoff (Contone) Status BnH n = MIDI channel * Some Tones w ODecay Time Status BnH n = MIDI channel 	(Controller number 2nd byte 49H I number: value (relative change): vill not exhibit any change troller number 74) 2nd byte 4AH I number: e (relative change): vill not exhibit any change (Controller number 2nd byte 4BH I number:	73) 3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value=40H (no change) ge. 3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH(-64 - 0 - +63), Initial value = 40H (no change) ge. 75) 3rd byte vvH 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)	On MIDI 90 3C 40 B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 3C 40 80 40 40 Example 2. On MIDI B0 54 3C 90 40 40 80 40 40 OEffect 1 Status BnH n = MIDI cha vv = Control * This mess OEffect 3 Status BnH	Note on C4 Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off C4 Note off E4 Description Portamento Control fro Note on E4 Note off E4 (Reverb Send Level) (2nd bytes 5BH annel number: 0H-FH (0-127) sage adjusts the Reverb Ser (Chorus Send Level) (2nd bytes 5DH annel number:	m C4 Controlle <u>3rd byte</u> vvH -ch.16) Initial Valu d Level of e (Controlle <u>3rd byte</u> vvH 0H-FH (C4 on no change (C4 voice still sunding) glide from C4 to E4 no change E4 off Result no change E4 is played with glide from C4 to I E4 off er number 91) e aue = 28H (40) each Part. er number 93) e

ONRPN MSB/LSB (Controller number 98, 99)

<u>Status</u>	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>
BnH	63H	mmH
BnH	62H	11H

n = MIDI channel number:0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

mm = upper byte (MSB) of the parameter number specified by NRPN ll = lower byte (LSB) of the parameter number specified by NRPN

- * Rx.NRPN is set to OFF by power-on reset or by receiving "GM1 System On" or "GM2 System On," and NRPN message will be ignored. NRPN message will be received when Rx.NRPN = ON, or by receiving "GS RESET."
- * The value set by NRPN will not be reset even if Program Change or Reset All Controllers is received.

NRPN

NRPN

The NRPN (Non Registered Parameter Number) message allows an extended range of control changes to be used.

To use these messages, you must first use NRPN MSB and NRPN LSB messages to specify the parameter to be controlled, and then use Data Entry messages to specify the value of the specified parameter. Once an NRPN parameter has been specified, all Data Entry messages received on that channel will modify the value of that parameter. To prevent accidents, it is recommended that you set RPN Null (RPN Number = 7FH/7FH) when you have finished setting the value of the desired parameter. Refer to Section 4. Supplementary material "Examples of actual MIDI messages" <Example 4> (p. 15). On the GS devices, Data entry LSB (IIH) of NRPN is ignored, so it is no problem to send Data entry MSB (mmH) only (without Data entry LSB).

On this instrument, NRPN can be used to modify the following parameters.

Data ontra

NRPN	Data	entry
MSB LSB	MSB	Description
01H 08H	mmH	Vibrato Rate (relative change)
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H 09H	mmH	Vibrato Depth (relative change)
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H 0AH	mmH	Vibrato Delay (relative change)
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H 20H	mmH	TVF Cutoff Frequency (relative change)
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H 21H	mmH	TVF Resonance (relative change)
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H 63H	mmH	TVF&TVA Envelope Attack Time (relative change)
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H 64H	mmH	TVF&TVA Envelope Decay Time (relative change)
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (-50 - 0 - +50)
01H 66H	mmH	TVF&TVA Envelope Release Time (relative change)
		mm: 0EH-40H-72H (i-50 - 0 - +50)
18H rrH	mmH	Drum Instrument Pitch Coarse (relative change)
		rr : key number of drum instrument
		mm: 00H-40H-7FH (-63 - 0 - +63 semitone)
1AH rrH	mmH	Drum Instrument TVA Level (absolute change)
		rr : key number of drum instrument
		mm: 00H-7FH (zero-maximum)
1CH rrH	mmH	Drum Instrument Panpot (absolute change)
		rr : key number of drum instrument
		mm: 00H, 01H-40H-7FH (Ramdom, Left-Center-Right)
1DH rrH	mmH	Drum Instrument Reverb Send Level (absolute change)
		rr : key number of drum instrument
		mm: 01H-7FH (zero-maximum)
1EH rrH	mmH	Drum Instrument Chorus Send Level (absolute change)
		rr : key number of drum instrument
		mm: 01H-7FH (zero-maximum)

* Parameters marked "relative change" will change relatively to the preset value(40H). Even among different GS devices, "relative change" parameters may sometimes differ in the way the sound changes or in the range of change.

* Parameters marked "absolute change" will be set to the absolute value of the parameter, regardless of the preset value.

* Data entry LSB (llH) is ignored.

ORPN MSB/LSB (Controller number 100, 101)

Status	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>
BnH	65H	mmH
BnH	64H	11H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

mm = upper byte (MSB) of parameter number specified by RPN ll = lower byte (LSB) of parameter number specified by RPN

- * Not received when Rx.RPN = OFF. (Initial value is ON)
- * The value specified by RPN will not be reset even by messages such as Program Change or Reset All Controller.

RPN

The RPN (Registered Parameter Number) messages are expanded control changes, and each function of an RPN is described by the MIDI Standard.

To use these messages, you must first use RPN MSB and RPN LSB messages to specify the parameter to be controlled, and then use Data Entry messages to specify the value of the specified parameter. Once an RPN parameter has been specified, all Data Entry messages received on that channel will modify the value of that parameter. To prevent accidents, it is recommended that you set RPN Null (RPN Number = 7FH/7FH) when you have finished setting the value of the desired parameter.Refer to Section 4. "Examples of actual MIDI messages" <Example 4> (p. 15).

On this instrument, RPN can be used to modify the following parameters.

RPN	Data entry	
MSB LSB	MSB LSB	Explanation
00H 00H	mmH	Pitch Bend Sensitivity
		mm: 00H-18H (0-24 semitones),
		Initial Value = 02H (2 semitones)
		ll : ignored (processed as 00h)
		specify up to 2 octaves in semitone steps
00H 01H	mmH llH	Master Fine Tuning
		mm, ll : 00 00H - 40 00H - 7F 7FH (-100 - 0 -
		+99.99 cents), Initial Value = 40 00H (0 cent)
		ll : ignored (processed as 00h)
		specify up to 2 octaves in semitone steps
		Refer to 4. Supplementary material, "About
		tuning" (p. 15)
00H 02H	mmH	Master Coarse Tuning
		mm : 28H - 40H - 58H (-24 - 0 - +24 semitones),
		Initial Value = $40H(0 \text{ cent})$
		ll : ignored (processed as 00h)
00H 05H	mmH llH	Modulation Depth Range
		mm: 00H - 04H (0 - 4 semitones)
		ll: 00H - 7FH (0 - 100 cents)100/128 Cent/Value
7FH 7FH		RPN null
		Set condition where RPN and NRPN are
		unspecified. The data entry messages after set
		RPN null will be ignored. (No Data entry
		messages are required after RPN null).
		Settings already made will not change.
		mm, ll : ignored
Program (hande	

Program Change

<u>Status</u>	<u>2nd bytes</u>	
CnH	ppH	
n = MIDI channel ni	umber:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)
pp = Program numb	per:	00H-7FH (prog.1-prog.128)

* Not received when Rx.PROGRAM CHANGE = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

- * After a Program Change message is received, the sound will change beginning with the next Note-on. Voices already sounding when the Program Change message was received will not be affected.
- * For Drum Parts, Program Change messages will not be received on bank numbers 129-16384 (the value of Control Number 0 is other than 0 (00H)).

Channel Pressure

Status	2nd bytes
DnH	vvH

n = MIDI channel number: vv = Channel Pressure: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH (0-127)

* Not received when Rx.CH PRESSURE (CAf) = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

 $^{\ast}\,$ The resulting effect is determined by System Exclusive messages. With the initial settings there will be no effect.

Pitch Bend Change

Status	2nd byte	3rd bytes
EnH	11H	mmH

n = MIDI channel number: mm, ll = Pitch Bend value:

0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00 00H - 40 00H - 7F 7FH (-8192 - 0 - +8191)

Not received when Rx.PITCH BEND = OFF. (Initial value is ON)

* The resulting effect is determined by System Exclusive messages. With the initial settings the effect is Pitch Bend.

Channel Mode Messages All Sounds Off (Controller number 120)

2nd byte 3rd bytes Status BnH 78H 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* When this message is received, all currently-sounding notes on the corresponding channel will be turned off immediately.

•Reset All Controllers (Controller number 121)

<u>Status</u>	2nd byte	<u>3rd bytes</u>
BnH	79H	00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

When this message is received, the following controllers will be set to their reset values.

Controller	Reset value
Pitch Bend Change	±0 (Center)
Polyphonic Key Pressure	0 (off)
Channel Pressure	0 (off)
Modulation	0 (off)
Expression	127 (max)
Hold 1	0 (off)
Portamento	0 (off)
Sostenuto	0 (off)
Soft	0 (off)
RPN	unset; previously set data will not change
NRPN	unset; previously set data will not change

3rd bytes

7FH: Local On

•Loacl Control(Controller number 122)

BnH	7AH	vvH
n = MIDI chan	nel number:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)
vv = Control value:		00H, 7FH (0,127)
		00H: Local Off

2nd byte

Status

All Notes Off (Controller number 123)

<u>Status</u>	<u>2nd byte</u>	<u>3rd bytes</u>
BnH	7BH	00H
n = MIDI chai	nnel number:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

When All Notes Off is received, all notes on the corresponding channel will be turned off. However if Hold 1 or Sostenuto is ON, the sound will be continued until these are turned off

OMNI OFF (Controller number 124)

<u>Status</u>	2nd byte	3rd bytes
BnH	7CH	00H
n = MIDI channel number:		0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* The same processing will be carried out as when All Notes Off is received.

OMNI ON (Controller number 125)

<u>Status</u>	<u>2nd byte</u>	3rd bytes
BnH	7DH	00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* OMNI ON is only recognized as "All notes off"; the Mode doesn't change (OMNI OFF remains).

•MONO (Controller number 126)

	•	,
Status	2nd byte	<u>3rd bytes</u>
BnH	7EH	mmH

n = MIDI channel number: mm = mono number :

0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-10H (0-16)

* The same processing will be carried out as when All Sounds Off and All Notes Off is received, and the corresponding channel will be set to Mode 4 (M = 1) regardless of the value of "mono number."

POLY (Controller number 127)

Status	2nd byte	3rd bytes
BnH	7FH	00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* The same processing will be carried out as when All Sounds Off and All Notes Off is received, and the corresponding channel will be set to Mode 3.

System Realtime Message

Active Sensing

Status FEH

* When Active Sensing is received, the unit will begin monitoring the intervals of all further messages. While monitoring, if the interval between messages exceeds 420 ms, the same processing will be carried out as when All Sounds Off, All Notes Off and Reset All Controllers are received, and message interval monitoring will be halted.

System Exclusive Message

<u>Status</u>	<u>Data byte</u>	Status
F0H	iiH, ddH,, eeH	F7H
F0H:	System Exclusive Message status	
ii = ID number:	an ID number (manufacturer ID) to ind	icate the manufacturer whose
	Exclusive message this is. Roland's manu	ıfacturer ID is 41H.
	ID numbers 7EH and 7FH are extens	sions of the MIDI standard;
	Universal Non-realtime Messages (7E	H) and Universal Realtime
	Messages (7FH).	
dd,,ee = data:	00H-7FH (0-127)	
F7H:	EOX (End Of Exclusive)	

The System Exclusive Messages received by this instrument are; messages related to mode settings, Universal Realtime System Exclusive messages and Data Set (DT1).

System exclusive messages related to mode settings

These messages are used to initialize a device to GS or General MIDI mode, or change the operating mode. When creating performance data, a "GM1 System On" message should be inserted at the beginning of a General MIDI 1 score, a "GM2 System On" message at the beginning of a General MIDI 2 score, and a "GS Reset" message at the beginning of a GS music data. Each song should contain only one mode message as appropriate for the type of data. (Do not insert two or more mode setting messages in a single song.)

"GM System On" uses Universal Non-realtime Message format. "GS Reset" uses Roland system Exclusive format "Data Set 1 (DT1)."

OGM1 System On

This is a command message that resets the internal settings of the unit to the General MIDI initial state (General MIDI System-Level 1). After receiving this message, this instrument will automatically be set to the proper condition for correctly playing a GM score.

<u>Status</u>	<u>Data byte</u>	<u>Status</u>
F0H	7EH, 7FH, 09H, 01H	F7H
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation	
F0H	Exclusive status	
7EH	ID number (Universal Non-realtime Me	ssage)
7FH	Device ID (Broadcast)	
09H	Sub ID#1 (General MIDI Message)	
01H	Sub ID#2 (General MIDI 1 On)	
F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)	

* When this message is received, Rx.BANK SELECT will be OFF and Rx.NRPN will be OFF.

* There must be an interval of at least 50 ms between this message and the next.

OGM2 System On

This is a command message that resets the internal settings of the unit to the General MIDI initial state (General MIDI System-Level 2). After receiving this message, this instrument will automatically be set to the proper condition for correctly playing a GM2 score.

<u>Status</u> F0H	<u>Data byte</u> 7EH 7FH 09H 03H	<u>Status</u> F7H
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation	
F0H	Exclusive status	
7EH	ID number (Universal Non-realtime Mess	sage)
7FH	Device ID (Broadcast)	
09H	Sub ID#1 (General MIDI Message)	
03H	Sub ID#2 (General MIDI 2 On)	
F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)	

* When this message is received, this instrument will be able to receive the messages specified by General MIDI 2, and use the General MIDI 2 soundmap.

* There must be an interval of at least 50 ms between this message and the next.

OGM System Off

"GM System Off" is a command message that resets the internal state of this instrument from the GM state to its native condition. This instrument will reset to the GS default state.

<u>Status</u>	Data byte	Status
F0H	7EH, 7FH, 09H, 02H	F7H
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation	
F0H	Exclusive status	
7EH	ID number (Universal Non-realtime Mess	sage)
7FH	Device ID (Broadcast)	
09H	Sub-ID#1 (General MIDI message)	
02H	Sub-ID#2 (General MIDI Off)	
40H	EOX (End of exclusive)	

* There must be an interval of at least 50 ms between this message and the next.

OGS reset

GS Reset is a command message that resets the internal settings of a device to the GS initial state. This message will appear at the beginning of GS music data, and a GS device that receives this message will automatically be set to the proper state to correctly playback GS music data.

<u>Status</u>	Data byte	Status
F0H	41H, 10H, 42H, 12H, 40H, 00H, 7FH, 00H, 41H	F7H
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation	
F0H	Exclusive status	
41H	ID number (Roland)	
10H	Device ID (dev: 00H-1FH (1-32), Initial value is 10H	(17))
42H	Model ID (GS)	
12H	Command ID (DT1)	
40H	Address MSB	
00H	Address	
7FH	Address LSB	
00H	Data (GS reset)	
41H	Checksum	
F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)	

* When this message is received, Rx.NRPN will be ON.

* There must be an interval of at least 50 ms between this message and the next.

Our Content of Cont

OMaster volume

Status	Data byte	Status
F0H	7FH, 7FH, 04H, 01H, llH, mmHF7H	
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation	
F0H	Exclusive status	
7FH	ID number (universal realtime message)	
7FH	Device ID (Broadcast)	
04H	Sub ID#1 (Device Control messages)	
01H	Sub ID#2 (Master Volume)	
11H	Master volume lower byte	

- mmH Master volume upper byte
- F7H EOX (End Of Exclusive)

* The lower byte (llH) of Master Volume will be handled as 00H.

OMaster Fine Tuning

<u>Status</u>	<u>Data byte</u>	<u>Status</u>
F0H	7FH, 7FH, 04H, 03H, llH, mmH	F7H
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation	
F0H	Exclusive status	
7FH	ID number (universal realtime message)	
7FH	Device ID (Broadcast)	
04H	Sub ID#1 (Device Control)	
03H	Sub ID#2 (Master Fine Tuning)	
llH	Master Fine Tuning LSB	
mmH	Master Fine Tuning MSB	
F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)	

mm, ll : 00 00H - 40 00H - 7F 7FH(-100 - 0 - +99.9 [cents])

OMaster Coarse Tuning

<u>Status</u> F0H	<u>Data byte</u> 7FH, 7FH, 04H, 04H, 11H, mmH	<u>Status</u> F7H
<u>Byte</u> F0H	Explanation Exclusive status	
7FH	ID number (universal realtime message)	
7FH	Device ID (Broadcast)	
04H	Sub ID#1 (Device Control)	
04H	Sub ID#2 (Master Coarse Tuning)	
llH	Master Coarse Tuning LSB	
mmH	Master Coarse Tuning MSB	
F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)	
11H :	ignored (processed as 00H)	
mmH :	28H - 40H - 58H (-24 - 0 - +24 [semitones])	

•Global Parameter Control

Parameters of the Global Parameter Control are newly provided for the General MIDI 2. **Reverb Parameters**

<u>Status</u> F0H	<u>Data byte</u> 7FH_7FH_04H_05F	4 01H 01H 01H 01H	<u>Status</u> I, 01H, ppH, vvHF7H
1011	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, oiii, ppii, oiii, ii
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation		
F0H	Exclusive status		
7FH	ID number (univers	sal realtime message)	
7FH	Device ID (Broadca	st)	
04H	Sub ID#1 (Device C	ontrol)	
05H	Sub ID#2 (Global Pa	arameter Control)	
01H	Slot path length		
01H	Parameter ID width	ı	
01H	Value width		
01H	Slot path MSB		
01H	Slot path LSB (Effect 0101: Reverb)		
ррН	Parameter to be controlled.		
vvH	Value for the parameter.		
F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)		
pp=0	Reverb Type		
	vv = 00H	Small Room (Room	1)
	vv = 01H	Medium Room (Ro	om2)
	vv = 02H	Large Room (Room	3)
	vv = 03H	Medium Hall (Hall	1)
	vv = 04H	Large Hall (Hall2)	
	vv = 08H	Plate (Plate)	
pp=1	Reverb Time		
	vv = 00H - 7FH	0 - 127	

OChorus Para	ameters	OControlle	r
Status	Data byte Statu		Data byte Status
F0H	7FH, 7FH, 04H, 05H, 01H, 01H, 01H, 01H, 02H, ppH, vvH F7H	F0H	7FH, 7FH, 09H, 03H, 0nH, ccH, ppH, rrH F7H
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation	<u>Byte</u>	Explanation
F0H	Exclusive status	F0H	Exclusive status
7FH	ID number (universal realtime message)	7FH	ID number (universal realtime message)
7FH	Device ID (Broadcast)	7FH	Device ID (Broadcast)
04H	Sub ID#1 (Device Control)	09H	Sub ID#1 (Controller Destination Setting)
05H	Sub ID#2 (Global Parameter Control)	03H	Sub ID#2 (Control Change)
01H	Slot path length	0nH	MIDI Channel (00 - 0F)
01H	Parameter ID width	ccH	Controller number (01 - 1F, 40 - 5F)
01H	Value width	ppH	Controlled parameter
01H	Slot path MSB	rrH	Controlled range
02H	Slot path LSB (Effect 0102: Chorus)	F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)
ррН	Parameter to be controlled.		
vvH	Value for the parameter.	pp=0	Pitch Control
F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)		rr = 28H - 58H -24 - +24 [semitones]
		pp=1	Filter Cutoff Control
pp=0	Chorus Type		rr = 00H - 7FH -9600 - +9450 [cents]
11	vv=0 Chorus1	pp=2	Amplitude Control
	vv=1 Chorus2	11	rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 200[%]
	vv=2 Chorus3	pp=3	LFO Pitch Depth
	vv=3 Chorus4	PP 0	rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 600 [cents]
	vv=4 FB Chorus	pp=4	LFO Filter Depth
	vv=5 Flanger	pp=+	rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 2400 [cents]
	vv=5 Thanger	pp-5	LFO Amplitude Depth
pp=1	Mod Rate	pp=5	* *
pp=1			rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 100[%]
		00l/0l	terre Trustern Adirest
pp=2	Mod Depth		tave Tuning Adjust
	vv = 00H - 7FH 0 - 127	Status	Data byte Status
pp=3	Feedback	F0H	7EH, 7FH, 08H, 08H, ffH, ggH, hhH, ssH F7H
	vv = 00H - 7FH 0 - 127		
pp=4	Send To Reverb	<u>Byte</u>	Explanation
	vv = 00H - 7FH 0 - 127	F0H	Exclusive status
		7EH	ID number (Universal Non-realtime Message)
OChannel Pre	essure	7FH	Device ID (Broadcast)
<u>Status</u>	Data byte Status	08H	Sub ID#1 (MIDI Tuning Standard)
F0H	7FH, 7FH, 09H, 01H, 0nH, ppH, rrH F7H	08H	Sub ID#2 (scale/octave tuning 1-byte form)
		ffH	Channel/Option byte1
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation		bits 0 to $1 =$ channel 15 to 16
F0H	Exclusive status		bit 2 to 6 = Undefined
7FH	ID number (universal realtime message)	ggH	Channel byte2
7FH	Device ID (Broadcast)		bits 0 to 6 = channel 8 to 14
09H	Sub ID#1 (Controller Destination Setting)	hhH	Channel byte3
01H	Sub ID#2 (Channel Pressure)		bits 0 to 6 = channel 1 to 7
0nH	MIDI Channel (00 - 0F)	ssH	12 byte tuning offset of 12 semitones from C to B
ррН	Controlled parameter		00H = -64 [cents]
rrH	Controlled range		40H = 0 [cents] (equal temperament)
F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)		7FH = +63 [cents]
		F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)
pp=0	Pitch Control		
	rr = 28H - 58H -24 - +24 [semitones]	OKev-Base	ed Instrument Controllers
pp=1	Filter Cutoff Control	Status	Data byte Status
	rr = 00H - 7FH -9600 - +9450 [cents]	F0H	7FH, 7FH, 0AH, 01H, 0nH, kkH, nnH, vvH F7H
pp=2	Amplitude Control	1011	······································
* *	rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 200[%]	Byte	Explanation
pp=3	LFO Pitch Depth	F0H	Exclusive status
нн ·	rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 600 [cents]	7FH	ID number (universal realtime message)
pp=4	LFO Filter Depth	7FH 7FH	Device ID (Broadcast)
	rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 2400 [cents]	0AH	Sub ID#1 (Key-Based Instrument Control)
pp=5	LFO Amplitude Depth	01H	Sub ID#1 (Rey-based instrument Control) Sub ID#2 (Controller)
rr -	rr = 00H - 7FH 0 - 100[%]		MIDI Channel (00 - 0FH)
		0nH	
		kkH	Key Number
		nnH	Control Number
		vvH	Value
		F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)
		nn=07H	Level
			vv = 00H - 7FH 0 - 200[%] (Relative)
		nn=0AH	Pan
			vv = 00H - 7FH Left - Right (Absolute)
		nn=5BH	Reverb Send
			vv = 00H - 7FH 0 - 127 (Absolute)
		nn=5D	Chorus Send

* This parameter effects drum instruments only.

Chorus Send

vv = 00H - 7FH 0 - 127 (Absolute)

nn=5D

Our State Control C

Oldentity Request Message

<u>Status</u>	<u>Data byte</u>	Status
F0H	7FH, 10H, 06H, 01H	F7H
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation	
F0H	Exclusive status	
7FH	ID number (universal realtime message)	
10H	Device ID	
06H	Sub ID#1 (General Information)	
01H	Sub ID#2 (Identity Request)	
F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)	

* Device ID = 10H or 7FH

•Data transmission

This instrument can receive the various parameters using System Exclusive messages. The exclusive message of GS format data has a model ID of 42H and a device ID of 10H (17), and it is common to all the GS devices.

OData set 1DT1

This is the message that actually performs data transmission, and is used when you wish to transmit the data.

Status	Data byte	<u>Status</u>
F0H	41H, 10H, 42H, 12H, aaH, bbH, ccH, ddH, eeH, sum	F7H
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation	
F0H	Exclusive status	
41H	ID number (Roland)	
10H	Device ID	
42H	Model ID (GS)	
12H	Command ID (DT1)	
aaH	Address MSB: upper byte of the starting address of the transm	itted data
bbH	Address: middle byte of the starting address of the transmittee	l data
ccH	Address LSB: lower byte of the starting address of the transmi	tted data
ddH	Data: the actual data to be transmitted. Multiple bytes	of data are
	transmitted starting from the address.	
:		
:		
eeH	Data	
sum	Checksum	
F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)	

* The amount of data that can be transmitted at one time depends on the type of data, and data can be received only from the specified starting address and size. Refer to the Address and Size given in Section 3 (p. 8).

* Data larger than 128 bytes must be divided into packets of 128 bytes or less. If "Data Set 1" is transmitted successively, there must be an interval of at least 40 ms between packets.

* Regarding the checksum please refer to section 4 (p. 15).

2. Transmit data

Arranger data can not be transmitted.

■Channel Voice Messages		
Note of	ff	
<u>Status</u>	2nd byte	<u>3rd byte</u>
8nH	kkH	vvH
MIDL 1	, ,	
n = MIDI char	nnel number:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)
kk = note nun	nber:	00H-7FH (0-127)

kk = note number:	00H-7FH (0-127)
vv = note off velocity:	00H-7FH (0-127)

* Note off message is sent out with the velocity of 40H.

Note on

kk = note vv = note

<u>Status</u>	2nd bytes	3rd byte
9nH	kkH	vvH
n = MIDI channel number:		0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

number:	00H-7FH (0-127)
on velocity:	01H-7FH (1-127)

Control Change

OBank Select (Controller number 0, 32) Status 2nd bytes 3rd byte

<u>Status</u>	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>
BnH	00H	mmH
BnH	20H	11H

n = MIDI channel number: mm, ll = Bank number:

vv = Volume:

0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H, 00H-7FH, 7FH (bank.1-bank.16384)

OVolume (Controller number 7)

<u>Status</u>	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>
BnH	07H	vvH
n = MIDI channel number:		0H-FH (c

ber:	0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)
	00H-7FH (0-127)

OExpression (Controller number 11)

<u>Status</u>	2nd bytes	<u>3rd byte</u>
BnH	0BH	vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv = Expression: 00H-7FH (0-127)

OHold 1 (Controller number 64)

Status2nd bytesBnH40H

n = MIDI channel number: vv = Control value: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH (0-127)

0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

<u>3rd byte</u>

3rd byte

<u>3rd byte</u>

vvH

vvH

vvH

OSostenuto (Controller number 66)

Status	2nd bytes
BnH	42H

n = MIDI channel number: vv = Control value:

n = MIDI channel number:

vv = Control value:

BnH

00H-7FH (0-127) 0-63 = OFF, 64-127 = ON

OSoft (Controller number 67)

Status	2nd bytes
BnH	43H

0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH (0-127)

Status 2nd bytes 3rd byte

<u>2nd bytes</u> 5BH

vvH

n = MIDI channel number: vv = Control value: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH (0-127)

OEffect 3 (Chorus Send Level) (Controller number 93)

Status2nd bytesBnH5DH

<u>3rd byte</u> vvH

n = MIDI channel number: vv = Control value: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH (0-127)

Program Change

Status2nd bytesCnHppH

n = MIDI channel number: pp = Program numbe: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00H-7FH (prog.1-prog.128)

Pitch Bend Change

Status2nd byteEnHIIH

mmH

3rd bytes

n = MIDI channel number: mm, ll = Pitch Bend value: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) 00 00H - 40 00H - 7F 7FH (-8192 - 0 - +8191)

System Realtime Message

Realtime Clock

<u>Status</u> F8H

Active sensing

<u>Status</u> FEH

 * $\,$ This will be transmitted constantly at intervals of approximately 250 ms.

System exclusive messages

Oldentity Reply

, ···		
<u>Status</u>	<u>Data byte</u>	<u>Status</u>
F0H	7EH, 10H, 06H, 02H, 41H, 42H, 00H, 00H, 16H, 04H, 01H,	F7H [FP-7]
	00H, 00H	
F0H	7EH, 10H, 06H, 02H, 41H, 42H, 00H, 00H, 16H, 05H,	F7H [FP-4]
	01H, 00H, 00H	
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation	
F0H	Exclusive status	
7EH	ID number (universal non-realtime message)	
10H	Device ID (use the same as the device ID of Roland)	
06H	Sub ID#1 (General Information)	
02H	Sub ID#2 (Identity Reply)	
41H	ID number (Roland)	
42H	Device family code (LSB)	
00H	Device family code (MSB)	
00H	Device family number code (LSB)	
16H	Device family number code (MSB)	
04H(05H)	Software revision level	
01H	Software revision level	
00H	Software revision level	
00H	Software revision level	

EOX (End of Exclusive)

3. Parameter Address Map (Model ID = 42H)

This map indicates address, size, Data (range), Parameter, Description, and Default Value of parameters which can be transferred using and "Data set 1 (DT1)." All the numbers of address, size, Data, and Default Value are indicated in 7-bit

All the numbers of address, size, Data, and Default value are indicated in 7-bit Hexadecimal-form.

■Address Block map

An outlined address map of the Exclusive Communication is as follows;

Address (H) Block

40	00	00	+	+
			SYSTEM PARAMETERS	Individual
40	01	3F	+	+
40	1x	0.0	+	+
10		00	PART PARAMETERS	Tndividual
			(x = 0 - F)	
40	2x	5A	+	+
41	m0	0.0	+	+
		00	SRUM SETUP PARAMETERS	Tndividual
			(m = 0-1)	individual
11	m8	75	+	-
48	0.0		+	-
0	00	00	SYSTEM PARAMETERS	Bulk
10	01	10	+	DUIK
40	01	τU	PART PARAMETERS	Bulk
10	1D	05		DUIK
			+	F
49	m0	00		r
			DRUM SETUP PARAMETER	Bulk
			(m = 0-1)	
49	mΕ	17	+	F

There are two ways in which GS data is transmitted: Individual Parameter Transmission in which individual parameters are transmitted one by one, and Bulk Dump Transmission in which a large amount of data is transmitted at once.

F7H

Individual Parameters

Individual Parameter Transmission transmits data (or requests data) for one parameter as one exclusive message (one packet of "F0 F7").

In Individual Parameter Transmission, you must use the Address and Size listed in the following "Parameter Address Map." Addresses marked at "#" cannot be used as starting addresses.

•System Parameters

Parameters related to the system of the device are called System Parameters.

		ine device die eined by				
Address (H)	Size (H)	Data (H)	Parameter	Description	Default Value (H)	Description
40 00 00	00 00 04	0018-07E8	MASTER TUNE	-100.0 - +100.0 [cent]	00 04 00 00	0 [cent]
40 00 01#				Use nibblized data.		
40 00 02#						
40 00 03#						
* Refer to section	on 4. Supplementary	y material, "About tuni	ng″ (p. 15).			
40 00 04	00 00 01	00-7F	MASTER VOLUME (= F0 7F 7F 04 01 00 vv F7)	0-127	7F	127
40 00 05	00 00 01	28-58	MASTER KEY-SHIFT	-24 - +24 [semitones]	40	0 [semitones]
40 00 06	00 00 01	01-7F	MASTER PAN	-63 (LEFT) - +63 (RIGHT)	40	0 (CENTER)
40 00 7F	00 00 01	00	MODE SET	00 = GS Reset, 127 = Exit GS mode		
* Refer to "Svet	tom ovelucivo moces	iges related to mode se	ttinge" (p. 4)	(Rx. only)		
Refer to Syst	tem exclusive messa	iges related to mode se	(migs (p. 4).			
40 01 10	00 00 10	00-40	VOICE RESERVE	Part 10 (Drum Part)	02	2
40 01 11#				Part 1	06	6
40 01 12#				Part 2	02	2
40 01 13#				Part 3	02	2
40 01 14#				Part 4	02	2
40 01 15#				Part 5	02	2
40 01 16#				Part 6	02	2
40 01 17#				Part 7	02	2
40 01 18#				Part 8	02	2
40 01 19#				Part 9	02	2
40 01 1A#				Part 11	00	0
40 01 :#				:		
40 01 1F#				Part 16	00	0
			must be equal to or less than the number that the maximum polyphony be equal or less		maximum polyphony of this	instrument is 128. For
40 01 30	00 00 01	00-07	REVERB MACRO	00: Room 1	04	Hall 2
				01: Room 2		
				02: Room 3		
				03: Hall 1		
				04: Hall 2		
				05: Plate		
				06: Delay		
				07: Panning Delay		
40 01 31	00 00 01	00-07	REVERB CHARACTER	0-7	04	4
40 01 32	00 00 01	00-07	REVERB PRE-LPF	0-7	00	0
40 01 33	00 00 01	00-7F	REVERB LEVEL	0-127	40	64
40 01 34	00 00 01	00-7F	REVERB TIME	0-127	40	64
40 01 35	00 00 01	00-7F	REVERB DELAY FEEDBACK	0-127	00	0
	-	ameter that allows glo	bal setting of reverb parameters. When you s	select the reverb type with REVERB M	MACRO, each reverb parameter	will be set to the most
suitable value * REVERB CH		meter that changes the	reverb algorithm. The value of REVERB CHA	ARACTER corresponds to the REVER	RB MACRO of the same number	r.
40 01 38	00 00 01	00-07	CHORUS MACPO	00: Chorus 1	02	Chorus 3
40 01 38	00 00 01	00-07	CHORUS MACRO	01: Chorus 2	02	Chorus 3
				01: Chorus 2 02: Chorus 3		
				03: Chorus 4		
				04: Feedback Chorus		
				05: Flanger		
				06: Short Delay		
				07: Short Delay (FB)		
40 01 39	00 00 01	00-07	CHORUS PRE-LPF	0-7	00	0
40 01 3A	00 00 01	00-7F	CHORUS LEVEL	0-12	40	64
40 01 3B	00 00 01	00-7F	CHORUS FEEDBACK	0-127	08	8
40 01 3C	00 00 01	00-7F	CHORUS DELAY	0-127	50	80
40 01 3D	00 00 01	00-7F	CHORUS RATE	0-127	03	3
40 01 3E	00 00 01	00-7F	CHORUS DEPTH	0-127	13	19
40 01 3F	00 00 01	00-7F	CHORUS SEND LEVEL TO REVERB	0-127	00	0
* CHORUS MACRO is a macro parameter that allows global setting of chorus parameters. When you use CHORUS MACRO to select the chorus type, each chorus parameter will be set to the most suitable value.						

40 03 00	00 00 02	00 - 7F	EFX TYPE (MSB, LSB)	00 00 - 7F 7F	00 01	Thru		
* Refer to EF	* Refer to EFX Type Table							
* This EFX Type is current EFX type of this system. When part EFX type is same to this EFX type, that part connect to EFX.								

40 03 03	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 1
40 03 04	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 2
40 03 05	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 3
40 03 06	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 4
40 03 07	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 5
40 03 08	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 6
40 03 09	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 7
40 03 0A	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 8
40 03 0B	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 9
40 03 0C	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 10
40 03 0D	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 11
40 03 0E	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 12
40 03 0F	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 13
40 03 10	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 14
40 03 11	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 15
40 03 12	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 16
40 03 13	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 17
40 03 14	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 18
40 03 15	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 19
40 03 16	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Parameter 20
* Each parameter	will be changed by El	FX type. Refer to EFX	Parameter Map.
40 03 17	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Send Level to Reverb
* Set to 0 when EF	X type is changed.		
40 03 18	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Send Level to Chorus
* Set to 0 when EF	X type is changed.		

40 03 1A	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EEX Donth Day 100% EEX 100% 7E
40 03 IA	00 00 01	00 - 7F	EFX Depth Dry 100% - EFX 100%7F

Part Parameters

This instrument has 16 parts. Parameters that can be set individually for each Part are called Part parameters.

If you use exclusive messages to set Part parameters, specify the address by Block number rather than Part Number (normally the same number as the MIDI channel). The Block number can be specified as one of 16 blocks, from 0 (H) to F (H).

The relation between Part number and Block number is as follows.

```
x...BLOCK NUMBER (0-F),Part 1 (MIDI ch = 1) x = 1
```

Part 2 (MIDI ch = 2) $x = 2$						
: ::						
Part 9 (MIDI ch = 9) $x = 9$						
Part10 (MIDI ch = 10) $x = 0$						
Part11 (MIDI ch = 11) $x = A$						
Part12 (MIDI ch = 12) $x = B$						
: ::						
Part16 (MIDI ch = 16) $x = F$						

Address (H)	<u>Size (H)</u>	Data (H)	Parameter	Description	Default Value (H)	Description
40 1x 00	00 00 02	00-7F	TONE NUMBER	CC#00 VALUE 0-127	00	0
40 1x 01#			00-7F	P.C. VALUE 1-128	00	1
40 1x 02	00 00 01	00-10	Rx. CHANNEL	1-16, OFF	Same as the Part Nun	ıber
40 1x 03	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. PITCH BEND	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 04	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. CH PRESSURE (CAf)	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 05	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. PROGRAM CHANGE	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 06	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. CONTROL CHANGE	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 07	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. POLY PRESSURE (PAf)	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 08	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. NOTE MESSAGE	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 09	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. RPN	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 0A	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. NRPN	OFF/ON	00 (01*)	OFF (ON*)
* When "GM1	System On" and "	GM2 System On" are	received, Rx. NRPN will be set OFF. Wher	n "GS Reset" is received, it will be set O	N.	
40 1x 0B	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. MODULATION	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 0C	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. VOLUME	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 0D	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. PANPOT	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 0E	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. EXPRESSION	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 0F	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. HOLD1	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 10	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. PORTAMENTO	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 11	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. SOSTENUTO	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 12	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. SOFT	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 13	00 00 01	00-01	MONO/POLY MODE	Mono/Poly	01	Poly
			(= CC# 126 01 / CC# 127 00)			
40 1x 15	00 00 01	00-02	USE FOR RHYTHM PART	0 = OFF	00 at x ≠0	OFF at x ≠0
				1 = MAP1	01 at x = 0	MAP1 at x ≠0
				2 = MAP2		

* This parameter sets the Drum Map of the Part used as the Drum Part. This instrument can simultaneously (in different Parts) use up to two Drum Maps (MAP1, MAP2). With the initial settings, Part10 (MIDI CH = 10, x = 0) is set to MAP1 (1), and other Parts are set to normal instrumental Parts (OFF (0)).

40 1x 16	00 00 01	28-58	PITCH KEY SHIFT	-24 - +24 [semitones]	40	0 [semitones]
40 1x 17	00 00 02	08-F8	PITCH OFFSET FINE	-12.0 - +12.0 [Hz]	08 00	0 [Hz]
40 1x 18#				Use nibblized data.		

* PITCH OFFSET FINE allows you to alter, by a specified frequency amount, the pitch at which notes will sound. This parameter differs from the conventional Fine Tuning (RPN #1) parameter in that the amount of frequency alteration (in Hertz) will be identical no matter which note is played. When a multiple number of Parts, each of which has been given a different setting for PITCH OFFSET FINE, are sounded by means of an identical note number, you can obtain a Celeste effect.

00 00 01	00-7F	PART LEVEL	0-127	64	100
		(= CC# 7)			
00 00 01	00-7F	VELOCITY SENSE DEPTH	0-127	40	64
00 00 01	00-7F	VELOCITY SENSE OFFSET	0-127	40	64
00 00 01	00-7F	PART PANPOT	-64 (RANDOM),	40	0 (CENTER)
			-63 (LEFT) - +63 (RIGHT)		
		(= CC# 10, except RANDOM)			
00 00 01	00-7F	KEY RANGE LOW	(C-1)-(G9)	00	C-1
00 00 01	00-7F	KEY RANGE HIGH	(C-1)-(G9)	7F	G 9
00 00 01	00-5F	CC1 CONTROLLER NUMBER	0-95	10	16
00 00 01	00-5F	CC2 CONTROLLER NUMBER	0-95	11	17
00 00 01	00-7F	CHORUS SEND LEVEL	0-127	00	0
		(= CC# 93)			
00 00 01	00-7F	REVERB SEND LEVEL	0-127	28	40
		(= CC# 91)			
00 00 01	00-01	Rx. BANK SELECT	OFF/ON	01 (00*)	ON (OFF*)
	00 00 01 00 00 01	00 00 01 00-7F 00 00 01 00-5F 00 00 01 00-5F 00 00 01 00-7F 00 00 01 00-7F 00 00 01 00-7F	$\begin{array}{c} (= CC\# 7) \\ 00\ 00\ 01 & 00-7F & VELOCITY SENSE DEPTH \\ 00\ 00\ 01 & 00-7F & VELOCITY SENSE OFFSET \\ 00\ 00\ 01 & 00-7F & PART PANPOT \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	(= CC# 7) (= CC# 7) 00 00 01 00-7F VELOCITY SENSE DEPTH 0-127 40 00 00 01 00-7F VELOCITY SENSE OFFSET 0-127 40 00 00 01 00-7F PART PANPOT -64 (RANDOM), 40 40 -63 (LEFT) - +63 (RIGHT) (EC# 10, except RANDOM) 40 00 00 01 00-7F KEY RANGE LOW (C-1)-(G9) 00 00 00 01 00-7F KEY RANGE HIGH (C-1)-(G9) 7F 00 00 01 00-5F CC1 CONTROLLER NUMBER 0-95 10 00 00 01 00-5F CC2 CONTROLLER NUMBER 0-95 11 00 00 01 00-7F CHORUS SEND LEVEL 0-127 00 (= CC# 93) 00 (= CC# 91) 28 (= CC# 91)

* "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to OFF by "GM1 System On," and Bank Select message will be ignored.

* "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to ON by "GM2 System On."

* "Rx.BANK SELECT" is set to ON by power-on Reset or by receiving "GS RESET."

40 1x 24	00 00 01	00-01	Rx.BANK SELECT LSB	OFF/ON	00	OFF
* This instrume	nt can be recognise	Bank Select LSB (40H-43	BH) even if this message is OFF.			
40 1x 25	00 00 01	00-01	TONE REMAIN	OFF/ON	01	ON
40 1x 28	00 00 03	00-7F	Bank Select LSB Range	LSB (from)	40	40H
40 1x 29#				LSB (to)	43	43H
40 1x 30	00 00 01	0E-72	TONE MODIFY 1	-50 - +50	40	0
10 12 00	00 00 01	0172	Vibrato rate (= NRPN# 8)	50 150	10	0
40 1x 31	00 00 01	0E-72	TONE MODIFY 2	-50 - +50	40	0
			Vibrato depth (= NRPN# 9)			
40 1x 32	00 00 01	0E-72	TONE MODIFY 3	-50 - +50	40	0
			TVF cutoff frequency (= NRPN# 32)			
40 1x 33	00 00 01	0E-72	TONE MODIFY 4	-50 - +50	40	0
40 1x 34	00 00 01	0E-72	TVF resonance (= NRPN# 33) TONE MODIFY 5	-50 - +50	40	0
40 1X 34	00 00 01	0E-72	TVF&TVA Env.attack (= NRPN# 99)	-50 - +50	40	0
40 1x 35	00 00 01	0E-72	TONE MODIFY 6	-50 - +50	40	0
			TVF&TVA Env.decay (= NRPN# 100)			
40 1x 36	00 00 01	0E-72	TONE MODIFY 7	-50 - +50	40	0
			TVF&TVA Env.release (= NRPN# 102)			
40 1x 37	00 00 01	0E-72	TONE MODIFY 8	-50 - +50	40	0
			Vibrato delay (= NRPN# 10)			
40.1×40	00.00.00	00.75		64 (2 [aont]	40	0 [annt]
40 1x 40 40 1x 41#	00 00 0C	00-7F 00-7F	SCALE TUNING C SCALE TUNING C#	-64 - +63 [cent] -64 - +63 [cent]	40 40	0 [cent] 0 [cent]
40 1x 41# 40 1x 42#		00-7F	SCALE TUNING C#	-64 - +63 [cent]	40 40	0 [cent]
40 1x 43#		00-7F	SCALE TUNING D#	-64 - +63 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 1x 44#		00-7F	SCALE TUNING E	-64 - +63 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 1x 45#		00-7F	SCALE TUNING F	-64 - +63 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 1x 46#		00-7F	SCALE TUNING F#	-64 - +63 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 1x 47#		00-7F	SCALE TUNING G	-64 - +63 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 1x 48#		00-7F	SCALE TUNING G#	-64 - +63 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 1x 49#		00-7F	SCALE TUNING A	-64 - +63 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 1x 4A#		00-7F	SCALE TUNING A#	-64 - +63 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 1x 4B#		00-7F	SCALE TUNING B	-64 - +63 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
* SCALE TUNI	NG is a function tha	it allows fine adjustment	to the pitch of each note in the octave. The	pitch of each identically-named r	note in all octaves will change	e simultaneously. A setting of
+/-0 cent (40H	 is equal temperation 	ment. Refer to section 4.	Supplementary material, "The Scale Tune F	eature."		
40.2.00	00.00.01	20 50		24	10	0 []
40 2x 00	00 00 01	28-58	MOD PITCH CONTROL	-24 - +24 [semitone]	40	0 [semitones]
40 2x 01	00 00 01	00-7F	MOD TVF CUTOFF CONTROL	-9600 - +9600 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 2x 02	00 00 01	00-7F 00-7F	MOD AMPLITUDE CONTROL MOD LFO1 RATE CONTROL	-100.0 - +100.0 [%] -10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [%]
40 2x 03 40 2x 04	00 00 01 00 00 01	00-7F	MOD LFO1 KATE CONTROL MOD LFO1 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	40 0A	0 [Hz] 47 [cent]
40 2x 04 40 2x 05	00 00 01	00-7F	MOD LFO1 TVF DEPTH	0-2400 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 05 40 2x 06	00 00 01	00-7F	MOD LFO1 TVA DEPTH	0-100.0 [%]	00	000 [%]
40 2x 00 40 2x 07	00 00 01	00-7F	MOD LFO2 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [Hz]
40 2x 08	00 00 01	00-7F	MOD LFO2 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 09	00 00 01	00-7F	MOD LFO2 TVF DEPTH	0-2400 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 0A	00 00 01	00-7F	MOD LFO2 TVA DEPTH	0-100.0 [%]	00	0 [%]
40 2x 10	00 00 01	40-58	BEND PITCH CONTROL	0-24 [semitone]	42	2 [semitones]
40 2x 11	00 00 01	00-7F	BEND TVF CUTOFF CONTROL	-9600 - +9600 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 2x 12	00 00 01	00-7F	BEND AMPLITUDE CONTROL	-100.0 - +100.0 [%]	40	0 [%]
40 2x 13	00 00 01	00-7F	BEND LFO1 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [Hz]
40 2x 14	00 00 01	00-7F	BEND LFO1 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 15	00 00 01	00-7F	BEND LFO1 TVF DEPTH	0-2400 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 16	00 00 01	00-7F	BEND LFO1 TVA DEPTH	0-100.0 [%]	00	0 [%]
40 2x 17	00 00 01	00-7F	BEND LFO2 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [Hz]
40 2x 18	00 00 01	00-7F	BEND LFO2 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 19 40 2x 1A	00 00 01 00 00 01	00-7F 00-7F	BEND LFO2 TVF DEPTH BEND LFO2 TVA DEPTH	0-2400 [cent] 0-100.0 [%]	00 00	0 [cent]
40 4X 1A	00 00 01	00-7 F	DEND LFOZ I VA DEPIN	0-100.0 [/0]	UU	0 [%]
40 2x 20	00 00 01	28-58	CAF PITCH CONTROL	-24 - +24 [semitone]	40	0 [semitones]
40 2x 20 40 2x 21	00 00 01	00-7F	CAI TVF CUTOFF CONTROL	-9600 - +9600 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 2x 21 40 2x 22	00 00 01	00-7F	CAF AMPLITUDE CONTROL	-100.0 - +100.0 [%]	40	0 [%]
40 2x 23	00 00 01	00-7F	CAF LFO1 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [Hz]
40 2x 23	00 00 01	00-7F	CAF LFO1 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 25	00 00 01	00-7F	CAf LFO1 TVF DEPTH	0-2400 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 26	00 00 01	00-7F	CAF LFO1 TVA DEPTH	0-100.0 [%]	00	0 [%]
40 2x 27	00 00 01	00-7F	CAF LFO2 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [Hz]
40 2x 28	00 00 01	00-7F	CAF LFO2 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 29	00 00 01	00-7F	CAf LFO2 TVF DEPTH	0-2400 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 2A	00 00 01	00-7F	CAF LFO2 TVA DEPTH	0-100.0 [%]	00	0 [%]
40 2x 30	00 00 01	28-58	PAF PITCH CONTROL	-24 - +24 [semitone]	40	0 [semitones]
40 2x 31	00 00 01	00-7F	PAf TVF CUTOFF CONTROL	-9600 - +9600 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 2x 32	00 00 01	00-7F	PAF AMPLITUDE CONTROL	-100.0 - +100.0 [%]	40	0 [%]
40 2x 33	00 00 01	00-7F	PAf LFO1 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [Hz]

40 2x 34	00 00 01	00-7F	PAf LFO1 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 35	00 00 01	00-7F	PAf LFO1 TVF DEPTH	0-2400 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 36	00 00 01	00-7F	PAf LFO1 TVA DEPTH	0-100.0 [%]	00	0 [%]
40 2x 37	00 00 01	00-7F	PAf LFO2 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [Hz]
40 2x 38	00 00 01	00-7F	PAf LFO2 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 39	00 00 01	00-7F	PAf LFO2 TVF DEPTH	0-2400 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 3A	00 00 01	00-7F	PAf LFO2 TVA DEPTH	0-100.0 [%]	00	0 [%]
40 2x 40	00 00 01	28-58	CC1 PITCH CONTROL	-24 - +24 [semitone]	40	0 [semitones]
40 2x 41	00 00 01	00-7F	CC1 TVF CUTOFF CONTROL	-9600 - +9600 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 2x 42	00 00 01	00-7F	CC1 AMPLITUDE CONTROL	-100.0 - +100.0 [%]	40	0 [%]
40 2x 43	00 00 01	00-7F	CC1 LFO1 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [Hz]
40 2x 44	00 00 01	00-7F	CC1 LFO1 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 45	00 00 01	00-7F	CC1 LFO1 TVF DEPTH	0-2400 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 46	00 00 01	00-7F	CC1 LFO1 TVA DEPTH	0-100.0 [%]	00	0 [%]
40 2x 47	00 00 01	00-7F	CC1 LFO2 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [Hz]
40 2x 48	00 00 01	00-7F	CC1 LFO2 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 49	00 00 01	00-7F	CC1 LFO2 TVF DEPTH	0-2400 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 4A	00 00 01	00-7F	CC1 LFO2 TVA DEPTH	0-100.0 [%]	00	0 [%]
40 2x 50	00 00 01	28-58	CC2 PITCH CONTROL	-24 - +24 [semitone]	40	0 [semitones]
40 2x 51	00 00 01	00-7F	CC2 TVF CUTOFF CONTROL	-9600 - +9600 [cent]	40	0 [cent]
40 2x 52	00 00 01	00-7F	CC2 AMPLITUDE CONTROL	-100.0 - +100.0 [%]	40	0 [%]
40 2x 53	00 00 01	00-7F	CC2 LFO1 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [Hz]
40 2x 54	00 00 01	00-7F	CC2 LFO1 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 55	00 00 01	00-7F	CC2 LFO1 TVF DEPTH	0-2400 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 56	00 00 01	00-7F	CC2 LFO1 TVA DEPTH	0-100.0 [%]	00	0 [%]
40 2x 57	00 00 01	00-7F	CC2 LFO2 RATE CONTROL	-10.0 - +10.0 [Hz]	40	0 [Hz]
40 2x 58	00 00 01	00-7F	CC2 LFO2 PITCH DEPTH	0-600 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 59	00 00 01	00-7F	CC2 LFO2 TVF DEPTH	0-2400 [cent]	00	0 [cent]
40 2x 5A	00 00 01	00-7F	CC2 LFO2 TVA DEPTH	0-100.0 [%]	00	0 [%]
40 4x 23	00 00 06	00-7F	PART EFX TYPE (MSB, LSB)	00 00 - 7F 7F	00 00	0
			ter. When this EFX type is same to EFX type			0
40 4x 25#		00-7F	PART EFX MACRO	00-7F	00 00	0
40 4x 26#		00-7F	PART EFX DEPTH	00-7F	00 00	0
40 4x 27#		00-7F	PART EFX CONTROL1	00-7F	00 00	0
40 4x 28#		00-7F	PART EFX CONTROL2	00-7F	00 00	0
40 4x 51	00 00 0B	00-7F	HARMONIC BAR SET	always 00	00	0
40 4x 52#		00-7F	PERCUSSION	00(OFF)	00	OFF
				01(4, Short)		
				02(2+2/3, Short)		
				41(4, Long)		
				42(2+2/3, Long)		
40 4x 53#		00-7F	HARMONIC BAR 16'	00(OFF), 0F(ON)	00	OFF
40 4x 54#		00-7F	HARMONIC BAR 5+1/3'	00(OFF), 0F(ON)	00	OFF
40 4X 55#		00-7F	HARMONIC BAR 8'	00(OFF), 0F(ON)	00	OFF
40 4X 56#		00-7F	HARMONIC BAR 4'	00(OFF), 0F(ON)	00	OFF
40 4X 57#		00-7F	HARMONIC BAR 2+2/3'	00(OFF), 0F(ON)	00	OFF
40 4X 58#		00-7F	HARMONIC BAR 2'	00(OFF), 0F(ON)	00	OFF
40 4X 59#		00-7F	HARMONIC BAR 1+3/5'	00(OFF), 0F(ON)	00	OFF
40 4X 5A#		00-7F	HARMONIC BAR 1+1/3'	00(OFF), 0F(ON)	00	OFF
40 4X 5B#		00-7F	HARMONIC BAR 1'	00(OFF), 0F(ON)	00	OFF
●Drum Se	etup Paramet	ters				
	ber (0 = MAP1, 1 =					
<u>^</u>	t note number (00H-					

Address (H)	<u>Size (H)</u>	Data (H)	ParameterDescription	
41 m1 rr	00 00 01	00-7F	PLAY NOTE NUMBER	Pitch coarse
41 m2 rr	00 00 01	00-7F	LEVEL	TVA level (= NRPN# 26)
41 m3 rr	00 00 01	00-7F	ASSIGN GROUP NUMBER	(= INF IN# 20) Non, 1-127
41 m4 rr	00 00 01	00-7F	PANPOT	-64 (RANDOM), -63 (LEFT) - +63 (RIGHT)
41 m5 rr	00 00 01	00-7F	REVERB SEND LEVEL	(= NRPN# 28, except RANDOM) 0.0-1.0
11 110 11	00 00 01	0071		(= NRPN# 29) Multiplicand of the part reverb depth
41 m6 rr	00 00 01	00-7F	CHORUS SEND LEVEL	0.0-1.0
41 m7 rr	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. NOTE OFF	(= NRPN# 30) Multiplicand of the part chorus depth OFF/ON
41 m8 rr	00 00 01	00-01	Rx. NOTE ON	OFF/ON

* When the Drum Set is changed, DRUM SETUP PARAMETER values will all be initialized.

•Bulk Dump Parameters [FP-4]

Setup

These messages are transmitted when Bulk Dump SETUP function is executed.

Data set 1 DT	1
<u>Status</u>	Data byte Status
F0H	41H, dev, 00H, 60H, 12H, aaH, bbH, F7H
ccH, ddH, eeF	I, ffH, sum
<u>Byte</u>	Explanation
F0H	Exclusive status
41H	ID number (Roland)
dev	Device ID (dev: 00H - 1FH, Initial value is 10H)
00H	Model ID #1 (FP-5)
00H	Model ID #2 (FP-5)
1BH	Model ID #2 (FP-5)
12H	Command ID (DT1)
aaH	Address MSB: upper byte of the starting address of the data to be sent
bbH	Address: upper middle byte of the starting address of the data to be sent
ccH	Address: lower middle byte of the starting address of the data to be sent
ddH	Address LSB: lower byte of the starting address of the data to be sent.
eeH	Data: the actual data to be sent. Multiple bytes of data are transmitted in
	order starting from the address.
	::
ffH	Data
sum	Checksum
F7H	EOX (End Of Exclusive)

Offset Address	Description	Siz	e	
30 00 00	+ Setup 1	 1 00	0.0	00
30 01 00	Setup 2		00	00
30 02 00	Setup 3	00	00	00
30 03 00	Setup 4	00	00	00
30 04 00	Setup 5	00	00	00
30 05 00	Setup 6	00	00	00
30 06 00	Setup 7	00	00	00
30 00 00	Setup 8	00	00	00
30 00 00	Setup 9	00	00	00
30 00 00	Setup 10	00	00	00
30 00 00	Setup 11	00	00	00
30 00 00	Setup 12	00	00	00
30 00 00	Setup 13	00	00	00
30 00 00	Setup 14		00	00
30 00 00	Setup 15	00	00	00
30 00 00	Setup 16		00	00
30 00 00	Setup 17		00	00
30 00 00	Setup 18		00	00
30 00 00	Setup 19		00	00
30 00 00	Setup 20		00	00
30 00 00	Setup 21		00	00
30 00 00	Setup 22		00	00
30 00 00	Setup 23		00	00
30 00 00	Setup 24	00	00	00
+	+			+

4. Supplementary material

Decimal and Hexadecimal table

In MIDI documentation, data values and addresses/sizes of exclusive messages etc. are expressed as hexadecimal values for each 7 bits.

The following table shows how these correspond to decimal numbers.

+	++	+	+	+	++	+	++
Dec.	Hex.	Dec .	Hex.	Dec.	Hex.	Dec.	Hex.
0	00H	32	20H	64	40H	96	60H
1	01H	33	21H	65	41H	97	61H
2	02H	34	22H	66	42H	98	62H
3	03H	35	23H	67	43H	99	63H
4	04H	36	24H	68	44H	100	64H
5	05H	37	25H	69	45H	101	65H
6	06H	38	26H	70	46H	102	66H
7	07H	39	27H	71	47H	103	67H
8	08H	40	28H	72	48H	104	68H
9	09H	41	29H	73	49H	105	69H
10	0AH	42	2AH	74	4AH	106	6AH
11	0BH	43	2BH	75	4BH	107	6BH
12	0CH	44	2CH	76	4CH	108	6CH
13	0 DH	45	2DH	77	4DH	109	6DH
14	0EH	46	2EH	78	4EH	110	6EH
15	OFH	47	2FH	79	4FH	111	6FH
16	10H	48	30H	80	50H	112	70H
17	11H	49	31H	81	51H	113	71H
18	12H	50	32H	82	52H	114	72H
19	13H	51	33H	83	53H	115	73H
20	14H	52	34H	84	54H	116	74H
21	15H	53	35H	85	55H	117	75H
22	16H	54	36H	86	56H	118	76H
23	17H	55	37H	87	57H	119	77H
24	18H	56	38H	88	58H	120	78H
25	19H	57	39H	89	59H	121	79H
26	1AH	58	3AH	90	5AH	122	7AH
27	1BH	59	3BH	91	5BH	123	7BH
28	1CH	60	3CH	92	5CH	124	7CH
29	1DH	61	3 DH	93	5DH	125	7DH
30	1EH	62	3EH	94	5EH	126	7EH
31	1FH	63	3FH	95	5FH	127	7FH

* Decimal values such as MIDI channel, bank select, and program change are listed as one (1) greater than the values given in the above table.

* A 7-bit byte can express data in the range of 128 steps. For data where greater precision is required, we must use two or more bytes. For example, two hexadecimal numbers aa bbH expressing two 7-bit bytes would indicate a value of aa x 128 + bb.

* In the case of values which have a +/- sign, 00H = -64, 40H = +/- 0, and 7FH = +63, so that the decimal expression would be 64 less than the value given in the above chart. In the case of two types, 00 00H = -8192, 40 00H = +/- 0, and 7F 7FH = +8191. For example if aa bbH were expressed as decimal, this would be aa bbH - 40 00H = aa x 128 + bb - 64 x 128.

* Data marked "nibbled" is expressed in hexadecimal in 4-bit units. A value expressed as a 2-byte nibble 0a 0bH has the value of a x 16 + b.

<Example1> What is the decimal expression of 5AH ?

From the preceding table, 5AH = 90

<Example2> What is the decimal expression of the value 12 34H given as hexadecimal for each 7 bits?

From the preceding table, since $12\mathrm{H}=18$ and $34\mathrm{H}=52$ $18 \times 128 + 52 = 2356$

<Example3> What is the decimal expression of the nibbled value 0A 03 09 0D ?

From the preceding table, since 0AH = 10, 03H = 3, 09H = 9, 0DH = 13 ($(10 \times 16 + 3) \times 16 + 9$) x 16 + 13 = 41885

<Example4> What is the nibbled expression of the decimal value 1258?

16)	1258	
16)	78	10
16)	4	14
	0	4

Since from the preceding table, 0 = 00H, 4 = 04H, 14 = 0EH, 10 = 0AH, the answer is 00 04 0E 0AH.

•Examples of actual MIDI messages <Example1> 92 3E 5F

9n is the Note-on status, and n is the MIDI channel number. Since 2H = 2, 3EH = 62, and 5FH = 95, this is a Note-on message with MIDI CH = 3, note number 62 (note name is D4), and velocity 95.

<Example2> CE 49

CnH is the Program Change status, and n is the MIDI channel number. Since EH = 14 and 49H = 73, this is a Program Change message with MIDI CH = 15, program number 74 (Flute in GS).

<Example3> EA 00 28

EnH is the Pitch Bend Change status, and n is the MIDI channel number. The 2nd byte (00H = 0) is the LSB and the 3rd byte (28H = 40) is the MSB, but Pitch Bend Value is a signed number in which 40 00H (= $64 \times 128 + 0 = 8192$) is 0, so this Pitch Bend Value is 28 00H - $40 \times 128 + 0 = (64 \times 128 + 0) = 5120 - 8192 = -3072$

If the Pitch Bend Sensitivity is set to 2 semitones, -8192 (00 00H) will cause the pitch to change -200 cents, so in this case -200 x (-3072) / (-8192) = -75 cents of Pitch Bend is being applied to MIDI channel 11.

<Example4> B3 64 00 65 00 06 0C 26 00 64 7F 65 7F

BnH is the Control Change status, and n is the MIDI channel number. For Control Changes, the 2nd byte is the control number, and the 3rd byte is the value. In a case in which two or more messages consecutive messages have the same status, MIDI has a provision called "running status" which allows the status byte of the second and following messages to be omitted. Thus, the above messages have the following meaning.

B3	$64\ 00$	MIDI ch.4, lower byte of RPN parameter number: 00H
(B3)	65 00	(MIDI ch.4) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 00H
(B3)	06 0C	(MIDI ch.4) upper byte of parameter value: 0CH
(B3)	26 00	(MIDI ch.4) lower byte of parameter value: 00H
(B3)	64 7F	(MIDI ch.4) lower byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH
(B3)	65 7F	(MIDI ch.4) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH

In other words, the above messages specify a value of 0C 00H for RPN parameter number 00 00H on MIDI channel 4, and then set the RPN parameter number to 7F 7FH.

RPN parameter number 00 00H is Pitch Bend Sensitivity, and the MSB of the value indicates semitone units, so a value of 0CH = 12 sets the maximum pitch bend range to +/- 12 semitones (1 octave). (On GS sound sources the LSB of Pitch Bend Sensitivity is ignored, but the LSB should be transmitted anyway (with a value of 0) so that operation will be correct on any device.)

Once the parameter number has been specified for RPN or NRPN, all Data Entry messages transmitted on that same channel will be valid, so after the desired value has been transmitted, it is a good idea to set the parameter number to 7F 7FH to prevent accidents. This is the reason for the (B3) 64 7F (B3) 65 7F at the end.

It is not desirable for performance data (such as Standard MIDI File data) to contain many events with running status as given in <Example 4>. This is because if playback is halted during the song and then rewound or fast-forwarded, the sequencer may not be able to transmit the correct status, and the sound source will then misinterpret the data. Take care to give each event its own status.

It is also necessary that the RPN or NRPN parameter number setting and the value setting be done in the proper order. On some sequencers, events occurring in the same (or consecutive) clock may be transmitted in an order different than the order in which they were received. For this reason it is a good idea to slightly skew the time of each event (about 1 tick for TPQN = 96, and about 5 ticks for TPQN = 480).

* TPQN: Ticks Per Quarter Note

•Example of an Exclusive message and calculating a Checksum

Roland Exclusive messages are transmitted with a checksum at the end (before F7) to make sure that the message was correctly received. The value of the checksum is determined by the address and data (or size) of the transmitted exclusive message.

uHow to calculate the checksum (hexadecimal numbers are indicated by 'H') The checksum is a value derived by adding the address, size and checksum itself and inverting the lower 7 bits.

Here's an example of how the checksum is calculated. We will assume that in the exclusive message we are transmitting, the address is aa bb ccH and the data or size is dd ee ffH.

aa + bb + cc + dd + ee + ff = sum sum / 128 = quotient ... remainder 128 - remainder = checksum

<Example> Setting REVERB MACRO to ROOM 3

According to the "Parameter Address Map," the REVERB MACRO Address is 40 01 30H, and ROOM 3 is a value of 02H. Thus,

F0	41	10	42	12	40 01 30	02	??	F7
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	Address	data	Checksum	(6)

Exclusive Status, (2) ID (Roland), (3) Device ID (17),
 Model ID (GS), (5) Command ID (DT1), (6) End of Exclusive

Next we calculate the checksum

40H + 01H + 30H + 02H = 64 + 1 + 48 + 2 = 115 (sum) 115 (sum) / 128 = 0 (quotient) ... 115 (remainder) checksum = 128 - 115 (remainder) = 13 = 0DH

This means that F0 41 10 42 12 40 01 30 02 0D F7 is the message we transmit.

About tuning

In MIDI, individual Parts are tuned by sending RPN #1 (Master Fine Tuning) to the appropriate MIDI channel.

In MIDI, an entire device is tuned by either sending RPN #1 to all MIDI channels being used, or by sending a System Exclusive MASTER TUNE (address 40 00 00H).

RPN #1 allows tuning to be specified in steps of approximately 0.012 cents (to be precise, 100/8192 cent), and System Exclusive MASTER TUNE allows tuning in steps of 0.1 cent. One cent is 1/100th of a semitone.

The values of RPN #1 (Master Fine Tuning) and System Exclusive MASTER TUNE are added together to determine the actual pitch sounded by each Part.

Frequently used tuning values are given in the following table for your reference. Values are in hexadecimal (decimal in parentheses).

+ Hz in A4	cent	RPN #1	Sys.Ex. 40 00 00
445.0 444.0 443.0 442.0 441.0 440.0 439.0 438.0	$\begin{array}{r} +19.56\\ +15.67\\ +11.76\\ +7.85\\ +3.93\\ 0.00\\ -3.94\\ -7.89\end{array}$	4C 43 (+1603) 4A 03 (+1283) 47 44 (+964) 45 03 (+643) 42 42 (+322) 40 00 (0) 3D 3D (-323) 3A 7A (-646)	00 04 0C 04 (+196) 00 04 09 0D (+157) 00 04 07 06 (+118) 00 04 04 0F (+ 79) 00 04 02 07 (+ 39) 00 04 00 00 (0) 00 03 0D 09 (- 39) 00 03 0B 01 (- 79)

<Example> Set the tuning of MIDI channel 3 to A4 = 442.0 Hz

Send RPN#1 to MIDI channel 3. From the above table, the value is 45 03H.

B2	64 00	MIDI ch.3, lower byte of RPN parameter number: 00H
(B2)	65 01	(MIDI ch.3) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 01H
(B2)	06 45	(MIDI ch.3) upper byte of parameter value: 45H
(B2)	26 03	(MIDI ch.3) lower byte of parameter value: 03H
(B2)	64 7F	(MIDI ch.3) lower byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH
(B2)	65 7F	(MIDI ch.3) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH

•The Scale Tune Feature (address: 40 1x 40)

The scale Tune feature allows you to finely adjust the individual pitch of the notes from C through B. Though the settings are made while working with one octave, the fine adjustments will affect all octaves. By making the appropriate Scale Tune settings, you can obtain a complete variety of tuning methods other than equal temperament. As examples, three possible types of scale setting are explained below.

OEqual Temperament

This method of tuning divides the octave into 12 equal parts. It is currently the most widely used form of tuning,

especially in occidental music. On this instrument, the default settings for the Scale Tune feature produce equal temperament.

OJust Temperament (Keytone C)

The three main chords resound much more beautifully than with equal temperament, but this benefit can only be obtained in one key. If transposed, the chords tend to become ambiguous. The example given involves settings for a key in which C is the keynote.

OArabian Scale

By altering the setting for Scale Tune, you can obtain a variety of other tunings suited for ethnic music. For example, the settings introduced below will set the unit to use the Arabian Scale.

Example Settings

Note name	Equal Temperament	Just Temperament (Keytone C)	Arabian Scale
С	0	0	-6
C#	0	-8	+45
D	0	+4	-2
D#	0	+16	-12
Е	0	-14	-51
F	0	-2	-8
F#	0	-10	+43
G	0	+2	-4
G#	0	+14	+47
А	0	-16	0
A#	0	+14	-10
В	0	-12	-49

The values in the table are given in cents. Refer to the explanation of Scale Tuning to convert these values to hexadecimal, and transmit them as exclusive data.

For example, to set the tune (C-B) of the Part1 Arabian Scale, send the data as follows: F0 41 10 42 12 40 11 40 3A 6D 3E 34 0D 38 6B 3C 6F 40 36 0F 50 F7

5. EFX Type Table

0100: Equalizer 0101: Spectrum 0102: Enhancer 0104: Isolator 0105: Low Boost 0106: High Pass Filter 0110: Overdrive 0111: Distortion 0112: Overdrive2 0113: Distortion2 0107: Speaker Simulator 0114: Amp Simulator(Guitar Amp Simulator) 0120: Phaser 0129: Multi Stage Phaser 012a: Infinite Phaser 0123: Stereo Flanger 0127: 3D Flanger 0128: 2Band Flanger 0121: Auto Wah 0103: Humanizer 012b: Ring Modulator 0125: Tremolo 0126: Auto Pan 012c: Slicer 0130. Compressor 0131: Limiter 0142: Stereo Chorus 0140: Hexa Chorus 0141: Tremolo Chorus 0143: Space D 0144.3D Chorus 0145: 2Band Chorus 0122: Rotary 012d: Rotary2 0300: Rotary Multi 015b: Stereo Delay1 015c: Stereo Delay2 015d: Stereo Delay3 015e: Stereo Delav4 015f: Stereo Delav5 0150: Monaural Delay 0151: Modulation Delay 0152: Triple Tap Delay 0157: 3D Delay 0159: Tape Echo 015a: Reverse Delay 0172: Lo-Fi 0175: Telephone 0156: Gate Reverb 0200: OD→Chorus(Overdrive→Chorus) 0201: OD \rightarrow Flanger(Overdrive \rightarrow Flanger) 0202: Overdrive→Delay 0203: Dist.->Chorus(Distortion->Chorus) 0204: Dist.→Flanger(Distortion→Flanger) 0205: Dist. \rightarrow Delay(Distortion \rightarrow Delay) 0206: Enhancer-Cho(Enhancer-Chorus) 0207: Enhancer→Fl.(Enhancer→Flanger) 0208: Enhancer→Delay 0209. Chorus→Delay 020a: Flanger→Delay 020b: Chorus→Flanger 0040: Damper Resonance

■EFX Parameter Map

The parameters with "#1" or "#2" at the end of parameter name can be controlled with each exclusive message "PART EFX CONTROL 1" and "PART EFX CONTROL 2."

●0100: Equalizer

This is a four-band stereo equalizer (low, mid x 2, high).

No	Parameter	Value		Description	
1	Low Freq	0 - 1	200, 400 Hz	Frequency of the low range	
2	Low Gain #1	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range	
3	Mid1 Freq	0 - 16	200-8000 Hz	Frequency of the middle range 1	
4	Mid1 Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the middle range 1	
5	Mid1 Q	0 - 4	0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0	Width of the middle range 1 Set a higher value for Q to narrow the range to be affected.	
6	Mid2 Freq	0 - 16	200-8000 Hz	Frequency of the middle range 2	
7	Mid2 Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the middle range 2	
8	Mid2 Q	0 - 4	0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0	Width of the middle range 2 Set a higher value for Q to narrow the range to be affected.	
9	High Freq	0 - 2	2000, 4000, 8000 Hz	Frequency of the high range	
10	High Gain #2	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range	
11	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level	

●0101: Spectrum

This is a stereo spectrum. Spectrum is a type of filter which modifies the timbre by boosting or cutting the level at specific frequencies.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Band1 (250Hz)	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of each frequency band
2	Band2 (500Hz) #1	0 - 30		
3	Band3 (1000Hz)	0 - 30		
4	Band4 (1250Hz) #2	0 - 30		
5	Band5 (2000Hz)	0 - 30		
6	Band6 (3150Hz)	0 - 30		
7	Band7 (4000Hz)	0 - 30		
8	Band8 (8000Hz)	0 - 30		
9	Q	0 - 4	0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0	Simultaneously adjusts the width of the adjusted ranges for all the frequency bands.
10	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0102: Enhancer

Controls the overtone structure of the high frequencies, adding sparkle and tightness to the sound.

No	Parameter	Value		Description	
1	Sens #1	0 - 127	0-127	Sensitivity of the enhancer	
2	Mix #2	0 - 127	0-127	Level of the overtones generated by the enhancer	
3	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range	
4	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range	
5	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level	

●0104: Isolator

This is an equalizer which cuts the volume greatly, allowing you to add a special effect to the sound by cutting the volume in varying ranges.

No	Parameter	Value		Description	
1	Boost/Cut Low	0 - 64	-60- +4 dB	These boost and cut each of the High,	
2	Boost/Cut Mid #1	0 - 64		Middle, and Low frequency ranges. At -60 dB, the sound becomes inaudible. 0 dB is equivalent to the	
3	Boost/Cut High #2	0 - 64		input level of the sound.	
4	Anti Phase Low Sw	0 - 1	Off, On	Turns the Anti-Phase function on and off for the Low frequency ranges. When turned on, the counter- channel of stereo sound is inverted and added to the signal.	
5	Anti Phase Low Level	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the level settings for the Low frequency ranges. Adjusting this level for certain frequencies allows you to lend emphasis to specific parts. (This is effective only for stereo source.)	
6	Anti Phase Mid Sw	0 - 1	Off, On	Settings of the Anti-Phase function for the Middle frequency ranges	
7	Anti Phase Mid Level	0 - 127	0-127	The parameters are the same as for the Low frequency ranges.	
8	Low Boost Sw	0 - 1	Off, On	Turns Low Booster on/off. This emphasizes the bottom to create a heavy bass sound.	
9	Low Boost Level	0 - 127	0-127	Increasing this value gives you a heavier low end. Depending on the Isolator and filter settings this effect may be hard to distinguish.	
10	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level	

●0105: Low Boost

Boosts the volume of the lower range, creating powerful lows.

No	Parameter	Value		Description	
1	Boost Frequency #1	0 - 8	50-125 Hz	Center frequency at which the lower range will be boosted	
2	Boost Gain #2	0 - 12	0- +12 dB	Amount by which the lower range will be boosted	
3	Boost Width	0 - 2	Wide, Mid, Narrow	Width of the lower range that will be boosted	
4	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range	
5	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range	
6	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level	

●0106: High Pass Filter

This is a filter with an extremely sharp slope. The cutoff frequency can be varied cyclically.

No	Parameter	Value		Description	
1	Filter Type	0 - 3	Lpf, Bpf, Hpf, Notch	Filter type Frequency range that will pass through each filter Lpf: Frequencies below the cutoff Bpf : Frequencies in the region of the cutoff Hpf : Frequencies above the cutoff Notch : Frequencies other than the region of the cutoff	
2	Filter Slope	0 - 2	-12, -24, -36 dB	Amount of attenuation per octave -36 dB: Extremely steep -24 dB: Steep -12 dB: Gentle	
3	Filter Cutoff #1	0 - 127	0-127	Cutoff frequency of the filter Increasing this value will raise the cutoff frequency.	
4	Filter Resonance #2	0 - 100	0-100	Filter resonance level Increasing this value will emphasize the region near the cutoff frequency.	
5	Filter Gain	0 - 12	0- +12 dB	Amount of boost for the filter output	
6	Modulation Sw	0 - 1	Off, On	On/off switch for cyclic change	
7	Modulation Wave	0 - 4	Tri, Sqr, Sin, Saw1, Saw2	How the cutoff frequency will be modulated Tri: Triangle wave Sqr: Square wave Sin: Sine wave Saw1: Sawtooth wave (upward) Saw2: Sawtooth wave (downward)	
8	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.	
9	Rate	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Rate of modulation (Hz)	
10	Rate	0 - 21	note	Rate of modulation (note)	
11	Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation	
12	Attack	0 - 127	0-127	Speed at which the cutoff frequency will change This is effective if Modulation Wave is SQR, SAW1, or SAW2.	
13	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level	

●0110: Overdrive

Creates a soft distortion similar to that produced by vacuum tube amplifiers.

No	Parameter	Value		Description	
1	Drive	0 - 127	0-127	Degree of distortion Also changes the volume.	
2	Amp Type #1	0 - 3	Small, Built-In, 2-Stack, 3-Stack	Type of guitar amp Small: small amp Built-In: single-unit type amp 2-Stack: large double stack amp 3-Stack: large triple stack amp	
3	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range	
4	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range	
5	Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Stereo location of the output sound	
6	Level #2	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level	

●0111: Distortion

Produces a more intense distortion than Overdrive. The parameters are the same as for "Overdrive."

●0112: Overdrive2

This is an overdrive that provides heavy distortion.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Drive	0 - 127	0-127	Degree of distortion Also changes the volume.
2	Tone	0 - 127	0-127	Sound quality of the Overdrive effect
3	Amp Sw	0 - 1	Off, On	Turns the Amp Simulator on/off.
4	Amp Type #1	0 - 3	Small, Built-In, 2-Stack, 3-Stack	Type of guitar amp Small : small amp Built-In : single-unit type amp 2-Stack : large double stack amp 3-Stack : large triple stack amp
5	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
6	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
7	Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Stereo location of the output sound
8	Level #2	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

0113: Distortion2

This is a distortion effect that provides heavy distortion. The parameters are the same as for "Overdrive2."

●0107: Speaker Simulator

Simulates the speaker type and mic settings used to record the speaker sound.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Speaker Type #1	0 - 15	(See the table.)	Type of speaker
2	Mic Setting	0 - 2	1, 2, 3	Adjusts the location of the mic that is recording the sound of the speaker. This can be adjusted in three steps, with the mic becoming more distant in the order of 1, 2, and 3.
3	Mic Level	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of the microphone
4	Direct Level	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of the direct sound
5	Level #2	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

Specifications of each Speaker Type

The speaker column indicates the diameter of each speaker unit (in inches) and the number of units.

Туре	Cabinet	Speaker	Microphone
Small 1	Small open-back enclosure	10	Dynamic
Small 2	Small open-back enclosure	10	Dynamic
Middle	Open back enclosure	12 x 1	Dynamic
JC-120	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Dynamic
Built-In 1	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Dynamic
Built-In 2	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
Built-In 3	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
Built-In 4	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
Built-In 5	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
BG Stack 1	Sealed enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
BG Stack 2	Large sealed enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
MS Stack 1	Large sealed enclosure	12 x 4	Condenser
MS Stack 2	Large sealed enclosure	12 x 4	Condenser
Metal Stack	Large double stack	12 x 4	Condenser
2-Stack	Large double stack	12 x 4	Condenser
3-Stack	Large triple stack	12 x 4	Condenser

●0114: Guitar Amp Simulator

This is an effect that simulates the sound of a guitar amplifier.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Pre Amp Sw	0 - 1	Off, On	Turns the amp switch on/off.
2	Pre Amp Type #1	0 - 13	JC-120, Clean Twin, MATCH Drive, BG Lead, MS1959I, MS1959IJ, MS1959IJ, MS1959II, MS1959II, MS1959II, MS1959I, MS1959I, MEtal Lead, OD-1, OD-2 Turbo, Distortion, Fuzz	Type of guitar amp
3	Pre Amp Volume	0 - 127	0-127	Volume and amount of distortion of the amp
4	Pre Amp Master	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of the entire pre-amp
5	Pre Amp Gain	0 - 2	Low, Middle, High	Amount of pre-amp distortion
6	Pre Amp Bass	0 - 127	0-127	Tone of the bass/mid/treble
7	Pre Amp Middle	0 - 127		frequency range Middle cannot be set if "MATCH Drive" is selected as the Pre Amp
8	Pre Amp Treble	0 - 127		Туре.
9	Pre Amp Presence	0 - 127	0-127 (MATCH Drive: -127 - 0)	Tone for the ultra-high frequency range
10	Pre Amp Bright	0 - 1	Off, On	Turning this "On" produces a sharper and brighter sound. This parameter applies to the "JC- 120," "Clean Twin," and "BG Lead" Pre Amp Types.
11	Speaker Sw	0 - 1	Off, On	Determines whether the signal passes through the speaker (ON), or not (OFF).
12	Speaker Type #2	0 - 15	(See the table.)	Type of speaker
13	Mic Setting	0 - 2	1, 2, 3	Adjusts the location of the mic that's capturing the sound of the speaker. This can be adjusted in three steps, from 1 to 3, with the mic becoming more distant as the value increases.
14	Mic Level	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of the microphone
15	Direct Level	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of the direct sound
16	Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Stereo location of the output
17	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

Specifications of each Speaker Type

The speaker column indicates the diameter of each speaker unit (in inches) and the number of units.

Туре	Type Cabinet		Microphone
Small 1	Small open-back enclosure	10	Dynamic
Small 2	Small open-back enclosure	10	Dynamic
Middle	Open back enclosure	12 x 1	Dynamic
JC-120	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Dynamic
Built-In 1	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Dynamic
Built-In 2	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
Built-In 3	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
Built-In 4	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
Built-In 5	Open back enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
BG Stack 1	Sealed enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
BG Stack 2	Large sealed enclosure	12 x 2	Condenser
MS Stack 1	Large sealed enclosure	12 x 4	Condenser
MS Stack 2	Large sealed enclosure	12 x 4	Condenser
Metal Stack	Large double stack	12 x 4	Condenser
2-Stack	Large double stack	12 x 4	Condenser
3-Stack	Large triple stack	12 x 4	Condenser

●0120: Phaser

This is a stereo phaser. A phase-shifted sound is added to the original sound and modulated.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Mode	0 - 2	4-Stage, 8-Stage, 12-Stage	Number of stages in the phaser
2	Manual #2	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the basic frequency from which the sound will be modulated.
3	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
4	Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
5	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
6	Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
7	Polarity	0 - 1	Inverse, Synchro	Selects whether the left and right phase of the modulation will be the same or the opposite. Inverse: The left and right phase will be opposite. When using a mono source, this spreads the sound. Synchro : The left and right phase will be the same. Select this when inputting a stereo source.
8	Resonance	0 - 127	0-127	Amount of feedback
9	Cross Feedback	0 - 98	-98- +98 %	Adjusts the proportion of the phaser sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase.
10	Mix	0 - 127	0-127	Level of the phase-shifted sound
11	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
12	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
13	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0129: Multi Stage Phaser

Extremely high settings of the phase difference produce a deep phaser effect.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Mode	0 - 5	4-Stage, 8-Stage, 12-Stage, 16-Stage, 20-Stage, 24-Stage	Number of phaser stages
2	Manual #2	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the basic frequency from which the sound will be modulated.
3	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
4	Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
5	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
6	Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
7	Resonance	0 - 127	0-127	Amount of feedback
8	Mix	0 - 127	0-127	Level of the phase-shifted sound
9	Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Stereo location of the output sound
10	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
11	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
12	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●012a: Infinite Phaser

A phaser that continues raising/lowering the frequency at which the sound is modulated.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Mode	0 - 3	1, 2, 3, 4	Higher values will produce a deeper phaser effect.
2	Speed #1	0 - 127	-100- +100	Speed at which to raise or lower the frequency at which the sound is modulated (+: upward / -: downward)
3	Resonance #2	0 - 127	0-127	Amount of feedback
4	Mix	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of the phase-shifted sound
5	Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Panning of the output sound
6	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Amount of boost/cut for the low- frequency range
7	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Amount of boost/cut for the high- frequency range
8	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output volume

●0123: Stereo Flanger

This is a stereo flanger. (The LFO has the same phase for left and right.) It produces a metallic resonance that rises and falls like a jet airplane taking off or landing. A filter is provided so that you can adjust the timbre of the flanged sound.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Filter Type	0 - 2	Off, Lpf, Hpf	Type of filter Off: No filter is used Lpf: Cuts the frequency range above the Cutoff Freq Hpf: Cuts the frequency range below the Cutoff Freq
2	Cutoff Freq	0 - 16	200-8000 Hz	Basic frequency of the filter
3	Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard.
4	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
6	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
7	Depth #2	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
8	Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Spatial spread of the sound
9	Feedback	0 - 98	-98- +98 %	Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase.
10	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
11	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
12	Balance	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the flanger sound (W)
13	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0127: 3D Flanger

This applies a 3D effect to the flanger sound. The flanger sound will be positioned 90 degrees left and 90 degrees right.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Filter Type	0 - 2	Off, Lpf, Hpf	Type of filter Off: No filter is used Lpf: Cuts the frequency range above the Cutoff Freq Hpf: Cuts the frequency range below the Cutoff Freq
2	Cutoff Freq	0 - 16	200-8000 Hz	Basic frequency of the filter
3	Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard.
4	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
6	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
7	Depth #2	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
8	Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Spatial spread of the sound

No	Parameter	Value		Description
9	Feedback	0 - 98	-98- +98 %	Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase.
10	Output Mode	0 - 1	Speaker, Phones	Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones.
11	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
12	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
13	Balance	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the flanger sound (W)
14	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0128: 2Band Flanger

A flanger that lets you apply an effect independently to the low-frequency and high-frequency ranges.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Split Freq	0 - 16	200-8000 Hz	Frequency at which the low and high ranges will be divided
2	Low Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the low- range flanger sound is heard
3	Low Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
4	Low Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Rate at which the low-range flanger sound is modulated (Hz)
5	Low Rate	0 - 21	note	Rate at which the low-range flanger sound is modulated (note)
6	Low Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Modulation depth for the low-range flanger sound
7	Low Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Spaciousness of the low-range flanger sound
8	Low Feedback	0 - 98	-98- +98 %	Proportion of the low-range flanger sound that is to be returned to the input (negative values invert the phase)
9	High Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the high- range flanger sound is heard
10	High Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
11	High Rate #2	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Rate at which the high-range flanger sound is modulated (Hz)
12	High Rate	0 - 21	note	Rate at which the high-range flanger sound is modulated (note)
13	High Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Modulation depth for the high-range flanger sound
14	High Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Spaciousness of the high-range flanger sound
15	High Feedback	0 - 98	-98- +98 %	Proportion of the high-range flanger sound that is to be returned to the input (negative values invert the phase)
16	Balance	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance of the original sound (D) and flanger sound (W)
17	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output volume

●0121: Auto Wah

Cyclically controls a filter to create cyclic change in timbre.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Filter Type	0 - 1	Lpf, Bpf	Type of filter Lpf: The wah effect will be applied over a wide frequency range. Bpf: The wah effect will be applied over a narrow frequency range.
2	Manual #2	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the center frequency at which the effect is applied.
3	Peak	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the amount of the wah effect that will occur in the range of the center frequency. Set a higher value for Q to narrow the range to be affected.
4	Sens	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the sensitivity with which the filter is controlled.
5	Polarity	0 - 1	Up, Down	Sets the direction in which the frequency will change when the auto-wah filter is modulated. Up : The filter will change toward a higher frequency. Down : The filter will change toward a lower frequency.
6	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
7	Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
8	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
9	Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
10	Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Adjusts the degree of phase shift of the left and right sounds when the wah effect is applied.
11	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
12	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
13	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0103: Humanizer

Adds a vowel character to the sound, making it similar to a human voice.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Drive Sw	0 - 1	Off, On	Turns Drive on/off.
2	Drive #2	0 - 127	0-127	Degree of distortion Also changes the volume.
3	Vowel1	0 - 4	a, e, i, o, u	Selects the vowel.
4	Vowel2	0 - 4	a, e, i, o, u	
5	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
6	Rate	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency at which the two vowels switch (Hz)
7	Rate #1	0 - 21	note	Frequency at which the two vowels switch (note)
8	Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Effect depth
9	Input Sync Sw	0 - 1	Off, On	Determines whether the LFO for switching the vowels is reset by the input signal (ON) or not (OFF).
10	Input Sync Threshold	0 - 127	0-127	Volume level at which reset is applied
11	Manual	0 - 100	0-100	Point at which Vowel 1/2 switch 49 or less : Vowel 1 will have a longer duration. 50 : Vowel 1 and 2 will be of equal duration. 51 or more : Vowel 2 will have a longer duration.
12	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range
13	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range
14	Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Stereo location of the output
15	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●012b: Ring Modulator

This is an effect that applies amplitude modulation (AM) to the input signal, producing belllike sounds. You can also change the modulation frequency in response to changes in the volume of the sound sent into the effect.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Frequency #1	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the frequency at which modulation is applied.
2	Sens	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the amount of frequency modulation applied.
3	Polarity	0 - 1	Up, Down	Determines whether the frequency modulation moves towards higher frequencies (Up) or lower frequencies (Down).
4	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range
5	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range
6	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the effect sound (W)
7	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●0125: Tremolo

Cyclically modulates the volume to add tremolo effect to the sound.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Mod Wave	0 - 4	Tri, Sqr, Sin, Saw1, Saw2	Modulation Wave Tri: Triangle wave Sqr: Square wave Sin: Sine wave Saw1/2: Sawtooth wave
2	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
3	Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of the change (Hz)
4	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of the change (note)
5	Depth #2	0 - 127	0-127	Depth to which the effect is applied
6	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
7	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
8	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0126: Auto Pan

Cyclically modulates the stereo location of the sound.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Mod Wave	0 - 4	Tri, Sqr, Sin, Saw1, Saw2	Modulation Wave Tri: triangle wave Sqr: square wave Sin: sine wave Saw1/2: sawtooth wave
2	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
3	Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of the change (Hz)
4	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of the change (note)
5	Depth #2	0 - 127	0-127	Depth to which the effect is applied
6	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
7	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
8	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●012c: Slicer

By applying successive cuts to the sound, this effect turns a conventional sound into a sound that appears to be played as a backing phrase. This is especially effective when applied to sustain-type sounds.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
2	Rate	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Rate at which the 16-step sequence will cycle (Hz)
3	Rate #1	12 - 21	note	Rate at which the 16-step sequence will cycle (note)
4	Attack	0 - 127	0-127	Speed at which the level changes between steps
5	Input Sync Sw	0 - 1	Off, On	Specifies whether an input note will cause the sequence to resume from the first step of the sequence (ON) or not (OFF)
6	Input Sync Threshold	0 - 127	0-127	Volume at which an input note will be detected
7	Mode	0 - 1	Legato, Slash	Sets the manner in which the volume changes as one step progresses to the next. Legato: The change in volume from one step's level to the next remains unaltered. If the level of a following step is the same as the one preceding it, there is no change in volume. Slash: The level is momentarily set to 0 before progressing to the level of the next step. This change in volume occurs even if the level of the following step is the same as the preceding step.
8	Shuffle #2	0 - 127	0-127	Timing of volume changes for even- numbered steps (step 2, step 4, step 6). The higher the value, the later the beat progresses.
9	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●0130: Compressor

Flattens out high levels and boosts low levels, smoothing out fluctuations in volume.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Attack #2	0 - 127	0-127	Sets the speed at which compression starts
2	Threshold #1	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the volume at which compression begins
3	Post Gain	0 - 18	0- +18 dB	Adjusts the output gain.
4	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range
5	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range
6	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●0131: Limiter

Compresses signals that exceed a specified volume level, preventing distortion from occurring.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Release	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the time after the signal volume falls below the Threshold Level until compression is no longer applied.
2	Threshold #1	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the volume at which compression begins
3	Ratio #2	0 - 3	1.5:1, 2:1, 4:1, 100:1	Compression ratio
4	Post Gain	0 - 18	0- +18 dB	Adjusts the output gain.
5	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range
6	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range
7	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●0142: Stereo Chorus

This is a stereo chorus. A filter is provided so that you can adjust the timbre of the chorus sound.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Filter Type	0 - 2	Off, Lpf, Hpf	Type of filter Off : No filter is used Lpf : Cuts the frequency range above the Cutoff Freq Hpf : Cuts the frequency range below the Cutoff Freq
2	Cutoff Freq	0 - 16	200-8000 Hz	Basic frequency of the filter
3	Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard.
4	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
6	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
7	Depth #2	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
8	Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Spatial spread of the sound
9	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
10	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
11	Balance	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W)
12	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0140: Hexa Chorus

Uses a six-phase chorus (six layers of chorused sound) to give richness and spatial spread to the sound.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard.
2	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
3	Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
4	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
5	Depth #2	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
6	Pre Delay Deviation	0 - 20	0-20	Adjusts the differences in Pre Delay between each chorus sound.
7	Depth Deviation	0 - 40	-20- +20	Adjusts the difference in modulation depth between each chorus sound.
8	Pan Deviation	0 - 20	0-20	Adjusts the difference in stereo location between each chorus sound. 0 : All chorus sounds will be in the center. 20 : Each chorus sound will be spaced at 60 degree intervals relative to the center.
9	Balance	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W)
10	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0141: Tremolo Chorus

This is a chorus effect with added Tremolo (cyclic modulation of volume).

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard.
2	Chorus Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
3	Chorus Rate	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Modulation frequency of the chorus effect (Hz)
4	Chorus Rate	0 - 21	note	Modulation frequency of the chorus effect (note)
5	Chorus Depth #1	0 - 127	0-127	Modulation depth of the chorus effect
6	Tremolo Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
7	Tremolo Rate #2	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Modulation frequency of the tremolo effect (Hz)
8	Tremolo Rate	0 - 21	note	Modulation frequency of the tremolo effect (note)
9	Tremolo Separation	0 - 127	0-127	Spread of the tremolo effect
10	Tremolo Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Spread of the tremolo effect
11	Balance	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the tremolo chorus sound (W)
12	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0143: Space D

This is a multiple chorus that applies two-phase modulation in stereo. It gives no impression of modulation, but produces a transparent chorus effect.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard.
2	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
3	Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
4	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
5	Depth #2	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
6	Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Spatial spread of the sound
7	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
8	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
9	Balance	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W)
10	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0144: 3D Chorus

This applies a 3D effect to the chorus sound. The chorus sound will be positioned 90 degrees left and 90 degrees right.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Filter Type	0 - 2	Off, Lpf, Hpf	Type of filter Off : No filter is used Lpf : Cuts the frequency range above the Cutoff Freq Hpf : Cuts the frequency range below the Cutoff Freq
2	Cutoff Freq	0 - 16	200-8000 Hz	Basic frequency of the filter
3	Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard.
4	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
6	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
7	Depth #2	0 - 127	0-127	Modulation depth of the chorus effect
8	Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Spatial spread of the sound
9	Output Mode	0 - 1	Speaker, Phones	Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones.
10	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
11	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
12	Balance	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W)
13	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0145: 2Band Chorus

A chorus effect that lets you apply an effect independently to the low-frequency and high-frequency ranges.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Split Freq	0 - 16	200-8000 Hz	Frequency at which the low and high ranges will be divided
2	Low Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the low- range chorus sound is heard
3	Low Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
4	Low Rate	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Rate at which the low-range chorus sound is modulated (Hz)
5	Low Rate	0 - 21	note	Rate at which the low-range chorus sound is modulated (note)
6	Low Depth #1	0 - 127	0-127	Modulation depth for the low-range chorus sound
7	Low Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Spaciousness of the low-range chorus sound
8	High Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the high- range chorus sound is heard
9	High Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
10	High Rate	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Rate at which the low-range chorus sound is modulated (Hz)
11	High Rate	0 - 21	note	Rate at which the low-range chorus sound is modulated (note)
12	High Depth #2	0 - 127	0-127	Modulation depth for the high-range chorus sound
13	High Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Spaciousness of the high-range chorus sound
14	Balance	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance of the original sound (D) and chorus sound (W)
15	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output volume

●0122: Rotary

The Rotary effect simulates the sound of the rotary speakers often used with the electric organs of the past. Since the movement of the high range and low range rotors can be set independently, the unique type of modulation characteristic of these speakers can be simulated quite closely. This effect is most suitable for electric organ Patches.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Speed #1	0 - 1	Slow, Fast	Simultaneously switch the rotational speed of the low frequency rotor and high frequency rotor. Slow: Slows down the rotation to the Slow Rate. Fast: Speeds up the rotation to the Fast Rate.
2	Woofer Slow Speed	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Slow speed (Slow) of the low frequency rotor
3	Woofer Fast Speed	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Fast speed (Fast) of the low frequency rotor
4	Woofer Acceleration	0 - 15	0-15	Adjusts the time it takes the low frequency rotor to reach the newly selected speed when switching from fast to slow (or slow to fast) speed. Lower values will require longer times.
5	Woofer Level	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of the low frequency rotor
6	Tweeter Slow Speed	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Settings of the high frequency rotor The parameters are the same as for
7	Tweeter Fast Speed	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	the low frequency rotor
8	Tweeter Acceleration	0 - 15	0-15	
9	Tweeter Level	0 - 127	0-127]
10	Separation #2	0 - 127	0-127	Spatial dispersion of the sound
11	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●012d: Rotary2

This type provides modified response for the rotary speaker, with the low end boosted further.

This effect is a descendant of the Roland VK Series' built-in rotary speaker.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Speed #1	0 - 1	Slow, Fast	Rotational speed of the rotating speaker
2	Brake #2	0 - 1	Off, On	Switches the rotation of the rotary speaker. When this is turned on, the rotation will gradually stop. When it is turned off, the rotation will gradually resume.
3	Woofer Slow Speed	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Low-speed rotation speed of the woofer
4	Woofer Fast Speed	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	High-speed rotation speed of the woofer
5	Woofer Trans Up	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the rate at which the woofer rotation speeds up when the rotation is switched from Slow to Fast.
6	Woofer Trans Down	0 - 127	0-127	Adjusts the rate at which the woofer rotation speeds up when the rotation is switched from Fast to Slow.
7	Woofer Level	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of the woofer
8	Tweeter Slow Speed	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Settings of the tweeter The parameters are the same as for
9	Tweeter Fast Speed	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	the woofer.
10	Tweeter Trans Up	0 - 127	0-127	
11	Tweeter Trans Down	0 - 127	0-127	
12	Tweeter Level	0 - 127	0-127]
13	Spread	0 - 10	0-10	Sets the rotary speaker stereo image. The higher the value set, the wider the sound is spread out.
14	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
15	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
16	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0300: Rotary Multi

This is an effect combining the VK series internal effect with an organ effect with the same features.

It comprises vibrato/chorus, overdrive, and rotary effects.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Vib/Cho Switch	0 - 1	Off, On	Switches the vibrato and chorus effects
2	Vib/Cho Type	0 - 5	V-1, V-2, V-3, C-1, C-2, C-3	Vibrato and chorus effect types V-1, V-2, V-3: Adds a wavering (vibrato) that is created by changes in the pitch. The effect deepens as the value is increased C-1, C-2, C-3: Adds a fullness and breadth (chorus) to the sound. The effect deepens as the value is increased.
3	Vib/Cho Vintage	0 - 2	'50, '60, '70	This reproduces the subtle differences in the vibrato and chorus effects in organs built in different years.
4	Vib/Cho Level	0 - 127	0-127	Vibrato/chorus effect volume
5	OD Switch	0 - 1	Off, On	Switches the overdrive effect
6	OD Drive #2	0 - 127	0-127	Amount of distortion
7	OD Level	0 - 127	0-127	Overdrive effect volume
8	Rotary Switch	0 - 1	Off, On	Switches the rotary effect
9	Rotary Speed #1	0 - 1	Slow, Fast	Low- and high-frequency rotation speeds (Rate) Slow: (Slow Rate) Fast: (Fast Rate)
10	R-Wf Slow Sp	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Rate with low-frequency rotor set to Slow rate
11	R-Wf Fast Sp	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Rate with low-frequency rotor set to Fast rate
12	R-Wf Accel	0 - 15	0-15	Speed at which the low-frequency rotor's rotation rate changes when the rotation speed is switched
13	R-Wf Level	0 - 127	0-127	Low-frequency rotor volume
14	R-Tw Slow Sp	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	High-frequency rotor settingThis
15	R-Tw Fast Sp	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	parameter is the same as that for the low-frequency rotor.
16	R-Tw Accel	0 - 15	0-15	1
17	R-Tw Level	0 - 127	0-127	
18	Rotary Separat	0 - 127	0-127	Amount of breadth in the sound
19	Rotary Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output volume

●015b: Stereo Delay1

This is a stereo delay.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Delay Left Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
2	Delay Left	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
3	Delay Left	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
4	Delay Right Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Delay Right	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
6	Delay Right	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
7	Phase Left	0 - 1	Normal,	Phase of the delay sound
8	Phase Right	0 - 1	Inverse	
9	Feedback Mode	0 - 1	Normal, Cross	Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect. (See the figures above.)
10	Feedback #1	49 - 89	0-+80 %	Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect.
11	HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
12	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range
13	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range
14	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W)
15	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●015c: Stereo Delay2

This is a stereo delay.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Delay Left Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
2	Delay Left	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
3	Delay Left	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
4	Delay Right Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Delay Right	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
6	Delay Right	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
7	Phase Left	0 - 1	Normal,	Phase of the delay sound
8	Phase Right	0 - 1	Inverse	
9	Feedback Mode	0 - 1	Normal, Cross	Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect. (See the figures above.)
10	Feedback #1	49 - 89	0-+80 %	Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect.
11	HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
12	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range
13	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range
14	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W)
15	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●015d: Stereo Delay3

This is a stereo delay.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Delay Left Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
2	Delay Left	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
3	Delay Left	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
4	Delay Right Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Delay Right	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
6	Delay Right	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
7	Phase Left	0 - 1	Normal,	Phase of the delay sound
8	Phase Right	0 - 1	Inverse	
9	Feedback Mode	0 - 1	Normal, Cross	Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect. (See the figures above.)
10	Feedback #1	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect.
11	HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
12	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range
13	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range
14	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W)
15	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●015e: Stereo Delay4

This is a stereo delay.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Delay Left Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
2	Delay Left	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
3	Delay Left	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
4	Delay Right Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Delay Right	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
6	Delay Right	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
7	Phase Left	0 - 1	Normal,	Phase of the delay sound
8	Phase Right	0 - 1	Inverse	
9	Feedback Mode	0 - 1	Normal, Cross	Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect. (See the figures above.)
10	Feedback #1	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect.
11	HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
12	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range
13	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range
14	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W)
15	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●015f: Stereo Delay5

This is a stereo delay.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Delay Left Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
2	Delay Left	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
3	Delay Left	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
4	Delay Right Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Delay Right	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
6	Delay Right	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
7	Phase Left	0 - 1	Normal,	Phase of the delay sound
8	Phase Right	0 - 1	Inverse	
9	Feedback Mode	0 - 1	Normal, Cross	Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect. (See the figures above.)
10	Feedback #1	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect.
11	HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
12	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range
13	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range
14	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W)
15	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●0150: Monaural Delay

A delay that provides a long delay time.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Delay Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
2	Delay Time	0 - 127	1-2540 ms	Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the delay sound is heard (Hz)
3	Delay Time #1	0 - 21	note	Delay time from when the original sound is heard to when the delay sound is heard (note)
4	Phase	0 - 1	NORMAL, INVERSE	Phase of the delay (NORMAL: non- inverted, INVERSE: inverted)
5	Feedback	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Proportion of the delay sound that is to be returned to the input
6	HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Frequency at which the high- frequency content of the delayed sound will be cut (Bypass: no cut)
7	Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Panning of the delay sound
8	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Amount of boost/cut for the high- frequency range
9	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Amount of boost/cut for the high- frequency range
10	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance of the original sound (D) and the delay sound (W)
11	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output volume

●0151: Modulation Delay

Adds modulation to the delayed sound.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Delay Left Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
2	Delay Left	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
3	Delay Left	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
4	Delay Right Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	Settings of the Delay R The parameters are the same as for
5	Delay Right	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	the Delay L.
6	Delay Right	0 - 21	note	-
7	Feedback Mode	0 - 1	Normal, Cross	Selects the way in which delay sound is fed back into the effect (See the figures above.)
8	Feedback	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect.
9	HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you don't want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
10	Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
11	Rate	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
12	Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
13	Depth #1	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
14	Phase	0 - 90	0-180 deg	Spatial spread of the sound
15	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range
16	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range
17	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W)
18	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●0152: Triple Tap Delay

Produces three delay sounds; center, left and right.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Delay Left Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
2	Delay Left	0 - 127	1-2540 ms	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
3	Delay Left	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the time until the delay sound is heard. (note)
4	Delay Right Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	Settings of the Delay R The parameters are the same as for
5	Delay Right	0 - 127	1-2540 ms	the Delay L.
6	Delay Right	0 - 21	note	-
7	Delay Center Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	Settings of the Delay C The parameters are the same as for
8	Delay Center	0 - 127	1-2540 ms	the Delay L.
9	Delay Center	0 - 21	note	-
10	Center Feedback #1	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Adjusts the amount of the delay sound that's fed back into the effect.
11	HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect is filtered out. If you do not want to filter out any high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
12	Left Level	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of each delay
13	Right Level	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of each delay
14	Center Level	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of each delay
15	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low frequency range
16	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high frequency range
17	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the delay sound (W)
18	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●0157: 3D Delay

This applies a 3D effect to the delay sound. The delay sound will be positioned 90 degrees left and 90 degrees right.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Delay Left Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
2	Delay Left	0 - 127	1-2540 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
3	Delay Left	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (note)
4	Delay Right Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	Settings of the Delay R The parameters are the same as for
5	Delay Right	0 - 127	1-2540 ms	the Delay 1.
6	Delay Right	0 - 21	note	-
7	Delay Center Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	Settings of the Delay C The parameters are the same as for
8	Delay Center	0 - 127	1-2540 ms	the Delay 1.
9	Delay Center	0 - 21	note	
10	Center Feedback #1	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect.
11	HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
12	Left Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level of the delay sound
13	Right Level	0 - 127	1	
14	Center Level	0 - 127	1	
15	Output Mode	0 - 1	Speaker, Phones	Adjusts the method that will be used to hear the sound that is output to the OUTPUT jacks. The optimal 3D effect will be achieved if you select Speaker when using speakers, or Phones when using headphones.
16	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
17	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
18	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the effect sound (W)
19	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0159: Tape Echo

A virtual tape echo that produces a realistic tape delay sound. This simulates the tape echo section of a Roland RE-201 Space Echo.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Mode	0 - 6	S, M, L, S+M, S+L, M+L, S+M+L	Combination of playback heads to use Select from three different heads with different delay times. S: short M: middle L: long
2	Repeat Rate #1	0 - 127	0-127	Tape speed Increasing this value will shorten the spacing of the delayed sounds.
3	Intensity	0 - 127	0-127	Amount of delay repeats
4	Bass	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Boost/cut for the lower range of the echo sound
5	Treble	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Boost/cut for the upper range of the echo sound
6	Head S Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Independent panning for the short,
7	Head M Pan	0 - 127	1	middle, and long playback heads
8	Head L Pan	0 - 127		
9	Tape Distortion	0 - 5	0-5	Amount of tape-dependent distortion to be added This simulates the slight tonal changes that can be detected by signal-analysis equipment. Increasing this value will increase the distortion.
10	Wow/Flutter Rate	0 - 127	0-127	Speed of wow/flutter (complex variation in pitch caused by tape wear and rotational irregularity)
11	Wow/Flutter Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of wow/flutter
12	Echo Level #2	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of the echo sound
13	Direct Level	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of the original sound
14	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●015a: Reverse Delay

This is a reverse delay that adds a reversed and delayed sound to the input sound. A tap delay is connected immediately after the reverse delay.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Threshold	0 - 127	0-127	Volume at which the reverse delay will begin to be applied
2	Rev Delay Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
3	Rev Delay Time #1	0 - 127	1-1270 ms	Delay time from when sound is input into the reverse delay until the delay sound is heard (Hz)
4	Rev Delay Time	0 - 21	note	Delay time from when sound is input into the reverse delay until the delay sound is heard (note)
5	Rev Delay Feedback	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Proportion of the delay sound that is to be returned to the input of the reverse delay
6	Rev Delay HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Frequency at which the high- frequency content of the reverse- delayed sound will be cut (Bypass: no cut)
7	Rev Delay Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Panning of the reverse delay sound
8	Rev Delay Level	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of the reverse delay sound
9	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Amount of boost/cut for the low- frequency range
10	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Amount of boost/cut for the high- frequency range
11	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance of the original sound (D) and the delay sound (W)
12	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output volume

●0172: Lo-Fi

This is an effect that intentionally degrades the sound quality for creative purposes.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Pre Filter Type	0 - 5	1-6	Selects the type of filter applied to the sound before it passes through the Lo-Fi effect.
2	LoFi Type #1	0 - 8	1-9	Degrades the sound quality. The sound quality grows poorer as this value is increased.
3	Post Filter Type	0 - 2	Off, Lpf, Hpf	Type of filter Off : no filter is used Lpf : cuts the frequency range above the Cutoff Hpf : cuts the frequency range below the Cutoff
4	Post Filter Cutoff	0 - 16	200-8000 Hz	Basic frequency of the Post Filter
5	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
6	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
7	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the effect sound (W)
8	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●0175: Telephone

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Voice Quality #1	0 - 15	0-15	Audio quality of the telephone voice
2	Treble	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Bandwidth of the telephone voice
3	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the effect sound (W)
4	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output level

●0156: Gate Reverb

This is a special type of reverb in which the reverberant sound is cut off before its natural length.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Type #1	0 - 3	Normal, Reverse, Sweep1, Sweep2	Type of reverb Normal: conventional gated reverb Reverse: backwards reverb Sweep1: the reverberant sound moves from right to left Sweep2: the reverberant sound moves from left to right
2	Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the reverb sound is heard.
3	Gate Time	0 - 99	5-500 ms	Adjusts the time from when the reverb is heard until it disappears.
4	Low Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the low range
5	High Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Gain of the high range
6	Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the reverb sound (W)
7	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

•0200: Overdrive \rightarrow Chorus

This effect connects an overdrive and a chorus in series.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Overdrive Drive	0 - 127	0-127	Degree of distortion Also changes the volume.
2	Overdrive Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Stereo location of the overdrive sound
3	Chorus Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard.
4	Chorus Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Chorus Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
6	Chorus Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
7	Chorus Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
8	Chorus Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the chorus (W) and the sound that is not sent through the chorus (D).
9	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

•0201: Overdrive \rightarrow Flanger

This effect connects an overdrive and a flanger in series.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Overdrive Drive	0 - 127	0-127	Degree of distortion Also changes the volume.
2	Overdrive Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Stereo location of the overdrive sound
3	Flanger Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard.
4	Flanger Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Flanger Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
6	Flanger Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
7	Flanger Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
8	Flanger Feedback	0 - 98	-98- +98 %	Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase.
9	Flanger Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the flanger (W) and the sound that is not sent through the flanger (D).
10	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0202: Overdrive→Delay

This effect connects an overdrive and a delay in series.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Overdrive Drive #1	0 - 127	0-127	Degree of distortion Also changes the volume.
2	Overdrive Pan	0 - 127	L64-63R	Stereo location of the overdrive sound
3	Delay Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
4	Delay Time	0 - 127	1-2540 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
5	Delay Time	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (note)
6	Delay Feedback	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect.
7	Delay HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
8	Delay Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the delay (W) and the sound that is not sent through the delay (D).
9	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0203: Distortion→Chorus

The parameters are essentially the same as in "Overdrive→Chorus," with the exception of the following two. Overdrive Drive→Distortion Drive Overdrive Pan→Distortion Pan

●0204: Distortion→Flanger

The parameters are essentially the same as in "Overdrive→Flanger," with the exception of the following two. Overdrive Drive→Distortion Drive Overdrive Pan→Distortion Pan

●0205: Distortion→Delay

The parameters are essentially the same as in "Overdrive \rightarrow Delay," with the exception of the following two. Overdrive Drive \rightarrow Distortion Drive

Overdrive Pan→Distortion Pan

●0206: Enhancer→Chorus

This effect connects an enhancer and a chorus in series.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Enhancer Sens	0 - 127	0-127	Sensitivity of the enhancer
2	Enhancer Mix	0 - 127	0-127	Level of the overtones generated by the enhancer
3	Chorus Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard.
4	Chorus Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Chorus Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
6	Chorus Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
7	Chorus Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
8	Chorus Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the chorus (W) and the sound that is not sent through the chorus (D).
9	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

•0207: Enhancer \rightarrow Flanger

This effect connects an enhancer and a flanger in series.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Enhancer Sens	0 - 127	0-127	Sensitivity of the enhancer
2	Enhancer Mix	0 - 127	0-127	Level of the overtones generated by the enhancer
3	Flanger Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard.
4	Flanger Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
5	Flanger Rate #1	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
6	Flanger Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
7	Flanger Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
8	Flanger Feedback	0 - 98	-98- +98 %	Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase.
9	Flanger Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the flanger (W) and the sound that is not sent through the flanger (D).
10	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0208: Enhancer→Delay

This effect connects an enhancer and a delay in series.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Enhancer Sens #1	0 - 127	0-127	Sensitivity of the enhancer
2	Enhancer Mix	0 - 127	0-127	Level of the overtones generated by the enhancer
3	Delay Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
4	Delay Time	0 - 127	1-2540 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
5	Delay Time	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (note)
6	Delay Feedback	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect.
7	Delay HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
8	Delay Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the delay (W) and the sound that is not sent through the delay (D).
9	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0209: Chorus→Delay

This effect connects a chorus and a delay in series.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Chorus Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard.
2	Chorus Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
3	Chorus Rate	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
4	Chorus Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
5	Chorus Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
6	Chorus Balance #1	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W)
7	Delay Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
8	Delay Time	0 - 127	1-2540 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
9	Delay Time	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (note)
10	Delay Feedback	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect.
11	Delay HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
12	Delay Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the delay (W) and the sound that is not sent through the delay (D).
13	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●020a: Flanger→Delay

This effect connects a flanger and a delay in series.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Flanger Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard.
2	Flanger Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
3	Flanger Rate	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Frequency of modulation (Hz)
4	Flanger Rate	0 - 21	note	Frequency of modulation (note)
5	Flanger Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of modulation
6	Flanger Feedback	0 - 98	-98- +98 %	Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase.
7	Flanger Balance #1	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the flanger sound (W)
8	Delay Mode	0 - 1	ms, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
9	Delay Time	0 - 127	1-2540 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (Hz)
10	Delay Time	0 - 21	note	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the delay sound is heard. (note)
11	Delay Feedback	49 - 89	0- +80 %	Adjusts the proportion of the delay sound that is fed back into the effect.
12	Delay HF Damp	0 - 17	200-8000 Hz, Bypass	Adjusts the frequency above which sound fed back to the effect will be cut. If you do not want to cut the high frequencies, set this parameter to Bypass.
13	Delay Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the delay (W) and the sound that is not sent through the delay (D).
14	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

•020b: Chorus \rightarrow Flanger

This effect connects a chorus and a flanger in series.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Chorus Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from the direct sound until the chorus sound is heard.
2	Chorus Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
3	Chorus Rate	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Modulation frequency of the chorus effect (Hz)
4	Chorus Rate	0 - 21	note	Modulation frequency of the chorus effect (note)
5	Chorus Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Modulation depth of the chorus effect
6	Chorus Balance #1	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Volume balance between the direct sound (D) and the chorus sound (W)
7	Flanger Pre Delay	0 - 125	0.0-100.0 ms	Adjusts the delay time from when the direct sound begins until the flanger sound is heard.
8	Flanger Rate Mode	0 - 1	Hz, note	When this is set to "note," the effect is synchronized with the tempo.
9	Flanger Rate	1 - 127	0.05-10.00 Hz	Modulation frequency of the flanger effect (Hz)
10	Flanger Rate	0 - 21	note	Modulation frequency of the flanger effect (note)
11	Flanger Depth	0 - 127	0-127	Modulation depth of the flanger effect
12	Flanger Feedback	0 - 98	-98- +98 %	Adjusts the proportion of the flanger sound that is fed back into the effect. Negative (-) settings will invert the phase.
13	Flanger Balance #2	0 - 100	D100:0W- D0:100W	Adjusts the volume balance between the sound that is sent through the flanger (W) and the sound that is not sent through the flanger (D).
14	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level

●0040: Damper Resonance

On an acoustic piano, holding down the damper pedal allows other strings to resonate in sympathy with the notes you play, creating rich and spacious resonances. This effect simulates these damper resonances.

No	Parameter	Value		Description
1	Depth #1	0 - 127	0-127	Depth of the effect
2	Damper	0 - 127	0-127	Depth to which the damper pedal is pressed (controls the resonant sound)
3	Pre LPF	1 - 32	16-15000 Hz, Bypass	Frequency of the filter that cuts the high-frequency content of the input sound (Bypass: no cut)
4	Pre HPF	0 - 31	Bypass, 16- 15000 Hz	Frequency of the filter that cuts the low-frequency content of the input sound (Bypass: no cut)
5	Peaking Freq	0 - 16	200-8000 Hz	Frequency of the filter that boosts/ cuts a specific frequency region of the input sound
6	Peaking Gain	0 - 30	-15- +15 dB	Amount of boost/cut produced by the filter at the specified frequency region of the input sound
7	Peaking Q	0 - 4	0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0	Width of the frequency region boosted/cut by the `Peaking Gain' parameter (larger values make the region narrower)
8	HF Damp Freq	1 - 32	16-15000 Hz, Bypass	Frequency at which the high- frequency content of the resonant sound will be cut (Bypass: no cut)
9	LF Damp Freq	0 - 31	Bypass, 16- 15000 Hz	Frequency at which the low- frequency content of the resonant sound will be cut (Bypass: no cut)
11	Level	0 - 127	0-127	Output Level
12	P-Sft Amount	0 - 127	0-10	Amount of resonance
13	P-Sft Level	0 - 127	0-10	Volume level of the resonant component
14	P-Sft LPF	1 - 32	16-15000 Hz, Bypass	Basic frequency at which the filter cuts the high-frequency portion of the resonant component (Bypass: no cut)
15	P-Sft HPF	0 - 31	Bypass, 16- 15000 Hz	Basic frequency at which the filter cuts the low-frequency portion of the resonant component (Bypass: no cut)
16	P-Sft to Rev	0 - 127	0-127	Volume of additional resonance added to resonant component
17	Damper Offset #2	0 - 64	0-64	Volume of additional slight resonance when the damper pedal is not pressed

6. Tone List (FP-7, FP-4)

Num	Name	MSB	LSB	PC
Piano				
001	Grand Piano1	0	68	1
002	Piano + Str.	25	64	1
003	Grand Piano2	16	67	1
004	Piano + Pad	47	64	3
005	Grand Piano3	8	66	2
006	MagicalPiano	47	65	3
007	Rock Piano	8	64	3
008	Piano+Choir	26	64	1
009	Honky-tonk	0	64	4
010	Harpsichord	0	66	7
011	Coupled Hps.	8	66	7
E.Piano				
001	Vintage EP	0	67	5
002	Pop E.Piano	16	67	5
003	'60s E.Piano	24	65	5
004	FM E.Piano	0	70	6
005	'70s E.Piano	16	66	5
006	Stage Phaser	0	68	5
007	E.Grand	0	69	3
008	Clav.	0	67	8
009	Vibraphone	0	0	12
010	Marimba	0	64	13
011	Celesta	0	0	9
012	Mallet Isle	0	64	115
013	Morning Lite	0	68	99
014	EP Belle	8	68	6
015	Ballad Bells	0	66	9
Organ				
001	Combo Jz.Org	0	70	19
002	Ballad Organ	0	69	19
003	Gospel Spin			
	Gosper opin	0	71	17
004		0	71 69	17 17
004 005	Full Stops			
005	Full Stops Mellow Bars	0	69	17
	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ	0 32	69 68	17 17
005 006	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ	0 32 32	69 68 69	17 17 17
005 006 007	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ	0 32 32 0	69 68 69 66	17 17 17 17
005 006 007 008	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin	0 32 32 0 1	69 68 69 66 64	17 17 17 17 17 19
005 006 007 008 009	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ	0 32 32 0 1 16	69 68 69 66 64 64 64	17 17 17 17 19 17
005 006 007 008 009 010	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1	0 32 32 0 1 16 0	69 68 69 66 64 64 64 66	17 17 17 17 19 17 20
005 006 007 008 009 010 011	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 66 69	17 17 17 17 19 17 20 20
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8'	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8 16	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 69 66	17 17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8 16	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 69 66	17 17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8 16	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 69 66	17 17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 Strings/Pad	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion	0 32 32 0 1 1 16 0 8 16 0	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 69 66 69 66 69 66 68	17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20 20 22
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 Strings/Pad 001	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion Rich Strings	0 32 32 0 1 1 16 0 8 16 0 0	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 69 66 68 71	17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20 20 22 20 50
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 Strings/Pad 001 002	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion Rich Strings OrchestraStr	0 32 32 0 1 1 6 0 8 16 0 0	69 68 69 66 64 64 64 66 69 66 68 71 64	17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20 20 22 20 22 50 49
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 Strings/Pad 001 002 003	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion Rich Strings OrchestraStr Velo Strings	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8 16 0 0 	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 69 66 68 71 64 65 65	17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20 20 22 20 22 50 49 49
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 Strings/Pad 001 002 003 004 005	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion Rich Strings OrchestraStr Velo Strings DecayStrings SynthStrings	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8 16 0 8 16 0 0 0 1 1 1	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 69 66 69 66 68 71 64 65 65 65	17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20 20 22 22 50 49 49 50
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 Strings/Pad 001 002 003 004 005 006	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion Rich Strings OrchestraStr Velo Strings DecayStrings SynthStrings Soft Pad	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8 16 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0	69 68 69 66 64 66 69 66 69 66 68 71 64 65 65	17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 20 22 20 20
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 Strings/Pad 001 002 003 004 005 006 007	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion Rich Strings OrchestraStr Velo Strings DecayStrings SynthStrings Soft Pad Glass Pad	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8 16 0 8 16 0 0 16 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 69 66 69 66 68 71 64 65 65 65 64 65 65 64 65 65	17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20 20 20 20 22 20 20 20 20 20 20
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 Strings/Pad 001 002 003 004 005 006 007 008	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion Rich Strings OrchestraStr Velo Strings Soft Pad Glass Pad Silky Way	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8 16 0 8 16 0 0 16 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 69 66 68 71 64 65 65 65 64 65 65 64 65 65 64 65 68	17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 013 013 001 002 003 004 005 006 007 008 009	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion Rich Strings OrchestraStr Velo Strings DecayStrings Soft Pad Glass Pad Silky Way Lunar Strngs	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8 16 0 8 16 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 69 66 69 66 68 71 64 65 65 65 65 64 65 65 64 65 67	17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 013 Strings/Pad 001 002 003 004 005 006 007 008 009 010	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion Rich Strings OrchestraStr Velo Strings DecayStrings Soft Pad Glass Pad Silky Way Lunar Strngs Dcy ChoirPad	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8 16 0 8 16 0 0 16 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	69 68 69 66 64 66 69 66 69 66 69 66 69 66 69 66 68 71 64 65 65 65 64 65 65 64 65 64 65 65 64 65 64 65 66 68 67 66	17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20 20 20 20 22 20 20 20 20 20 20
005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 013 013 001 002 003 004 005 006 007 008 009	Full Stops Mellow Bars Light Organ Lower Organ Purple Spin '60s Organ ChurchOrgan1 ChurchOrgan2 Nason flt 8' Accordion Rich Strings OrchestraStr Velo Strings DecayStrings Soft Pad Glass Pad Silky Way Lunar Strngs	0 32 32 0 1 16 0 8 16 0 8 16 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	69 68 69 66 64 64 66 69 66 69 66 68 71 64 65 65 65 65 64 65 65 64 65 67	17 17 17 19 17 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20

Num	Name	MSB	LSB	PC
Guitar/Bass				
001	Nylon-str.Gt	0	0	25
002	Steel-str.Gt	0	0	26
003	Clean Guitar	0	64	28
004	Jazz Guitar	0	64	27
005	Overdrive Gt	0	66	30
006	AcousticBass	0	71	33
007	A.Bass+Cymbl	0	66	33
008	FingeredBass	0	0	34
009	FretlessBass	0	0	36
010	Slap Bass	0	64	37
011	Synth Bass	0	0	39
012	Thum Voice	0	66	54
Voice/GM2		0	(1	50
001	Aerial Choir	8	64	53
002	Jazz Scat	0	65	55
003	Female Aahs Angels Choir	8	66 65	53 86
004	Angels Choir Beauty Vox	8	65 65	55
	Male Aahs			
006		8	68 64	53 100
	Harpvox Decay Choir	1	64 64	
008	Decay Choir Alto Sax	0	64 67	53 66
010	Tenor Sax	8	66	67
010	BrassSection	0	0	62
011 012	Flute	0	64	74
012	ChamberWinds	0	67	69
GM2	Chamber Winds	0	0,7	0,
014	STANDARD Set	120	0	1
015	ROOM Set	120	0	9
016	POWER Set	120	0	17
017	ELEC.Set	120	0	25
018	ANALOG Set	120	0	26
019	JAZZ Set	120	0	33
020	BRUSH Set	120	0	41
021	ORCH.Set	120	0	49
022	SFX Set	120	0	57
023	Piano 1	121	0	1
024	Piano 1w	121	1	1
025	Piano 1d	121	2	1
026	Piano 2	121	0	2
027	Piano 2w	121	1	2
028	Piano 3	121	0	3
029	Piano 3w	121	1	3
030	Honky-tonk	121	0	4
031	Honky-tonk w	121	1	4
032	E.Piano 1	121	0	5
033	Detuned EP 1	121	1	5
034	Vintage EP	121	2	5
035	'60s E.Piano	121	3	5
036	E.Piano 2	121	0	6
037	Detuned EP 2	121	1	6
038	St.FM EP	121	2	6
039	EP Legend	121	3	6
040	EP Phase	121	4	6
041	Harpsichord	121	0	7
042	Coupled Hps.	121	1	7
043	Harpsi.w	121	2	7
044	Harpsi.o	121	3	7
045	Clav.	121	0	8
046	Pulse Clav.	121	1	8
047	Celesta	121	0	9

Num	Name	MSB	LSB	PC
048	Glockenspiel	121	0	10
049	Music Box	121	0	11
050	Vibraphone	121	0	12
051	Vibraphone w	121	1	12
052	Marimba	121	0	13
053	Marimba w	121	1	13
054	Xylophone	121	0	14
055	TubularBells	121	0	15
056	Church Bell	121	1	15
057	Carillon	121	2	15
058	Santur	121	0	16
059	Organ 1	121	0	17
060	TremoloOrgan	121	1	17
061	'60s Organ	121	2	17
062	Organ 2	121	3	17
063	Perc.Organ 1	121	0	18
064	Chorus Organ	121	1	18
065	Perc.Organ 2	121	2	18
066	-	121	0	10
068	Rock Organ Church Org.1	121	0	20
	-			
068	Church Org.2	121	1	20
069	Church Org.3	121	2	20
070	Reed Organ	121	0	21
071	Puff Organ	121	1	21
072	Accordion 1	121	0	22
073	Accordion 2	121	1	22
074	Harmonica	121	0	23
075	Bandoneon	121	0	24
076	Nylon-str.Gt	121	0	25
077	Ukulele	121	1	25
078	Nylon Gt o	121	2	25
079	Nylon Gt 2	121	3	25
080	Steel-str.Gt	121	0	26
081	12-str.Gt	121	1	26
082	Mandolin	121	2	26
083	Steel+Body	121	3	26
084	Jazz Guitar	121	0	27
085	Hawaiian Gt	121	1	27
086	Clean Guitar	121	0	28
087	Chorus Gt 1	121	1	28
088	Mid Tone Gt	121	2	28
089	Muted Guitar	121	0	29
090	Funk Guitar1	121	1	29
091	Funk Guitar2	121	2	29
092	Chorus Gt 2	121	3	29
092	Overdrive Gt	121	0	30
094	Guitar Pinch	121	1	30
095	DistortionGt	121	0	30
095	Gt Feedback1	121	1	31
098	Dist.Rtm Gt	121	2	31
	Gt Harmonics	121	0	
098				32
099	Gt Feedback2	121	1	32
100	AcousticBass	121	0	33
101	FingeredBass	121	0	34
102	Finger Slap	121	1	34
103	Picked Bass	121	0	35
104	FretlessBass	121	0	36
105	Slap Bass 1	121	0	37
106	Slap Bass 2	121	0	38
107	Synth Bass 1	121	0	39
108	WarmSyn.Bass	121	1	39
100	Synth Bass 3	121	2	39
109	eynar bass e			

Num	Name	MSB	LSB	PC
111	Hammer	121	4	39
112	Synth Bass 2	121	0	40
113	Synth Bass 4	121	1	40
114	RubberSyn.Bs	121	2	40
115	Attack Pulse	121	3	40
116	Violin	121	0	41
117	Slow Violin	121	1	41
118	Viola	121	0	42
119	Cello	121	0	43
120	Contrabass	121	0	44
121	Tremolo Str.	121	0	45
122	PizzicatoStr	121	0	46
123	Harp	121	0	47
124	Yang Qin	121	1	47
125	Timpani	121	0	48
126	Strings	121	0	49
127	Orchestra	121	1	49
128	'60s Strings	121	2	49
129	Slow Strings	121	0	50
130	Syn.Strings1	121	0	51
131	Syn.Strings3	121	1	51
132	Syn.Strings2	121	0	52
133	Choir 1	121	0	53
134	Choir 2	121	1	53
135	Voice	121	0	54
136	Humming	121	1	54
137	Synth Voice	121	0	55
138	Analog Voice	121	1	55
139	OrchestraHit	121	0	56
140	Bass Hit	121	1	56
141	6th Hit	121	2	56
142	Euro Hit	121	3	56
142	Trumpet	121	0	57
144	Dark Trumpet	121	1	57
145	Trombone 1	121	0	57
145	Trombone 2	121	1	58
140	Bright Tb	121	2	58
147	Tuba	121	0	59
149	MuteTrumpet1	121	0	60
150	MuteTrumpet2			60
151	French Horn1	121	0	61
152	French Horn2	121	1	61
153	Brass 1	121	0	62
154	Brass 2	121	1	62
155	Synth Brass1	121	0	63
156	Synth Brass3	121	1	63
157	AnalogBrass1	121	2	63
158	Jump Brass	121	3	63
159	Synth Brass2	121	0	64
160	Synth Brass4	121	1	64
161	AnalogBrass2	121	2	64
162	Soprano Sax	121	0	65
163	Alto Sax	121	0	66
164	Tenor Sax	121	0	67
165	Baritone Sax	121	0	68
166	Oboe	121	0	69
167	English Horn	121	0	70
168	Bassoon	121	0	71
169	Clarinet	121	0	72
170	Piccolo	121	0	73
171	Flute	121	0	74
172	Recorder	121	0	75
		121	0	1

Num	Name	MSB	LSB	PC
174	Bottle Blow	121	0	77
175	Shakuhachi	121	0	78
176	Whistle	121	0	79
177	Ocarina	121	0	80
178	Square Lead1	121	0	81
179	Square Lead2	121	1	81
180	Sine Lead	121	2	81
181	Saw Lead 1	121	0	82
182	Saw Lead 2	121	1	82
183	Doctor Solo	121	2	82
184	Natural Lead	121	3	82
185	SequencedSaw	121	4	82
186	Syn.Calliope	121	0	83
187	Chiffer Lead	121	0	84
188	Charang	121	0	85
189	Wire Lead	121	1	85
190	Solo Vox	121	0	86
191	5th Saw Lead Bass+Lead	121	0	87
192		121	0	88
193	Delayed Lead	121	1	88
194	Fantasia	121	0	89
195	Warm Pad	121	0	90
196	Sine Pad	121	1	90
197	Polysynth	121	0	91
198	Space Voice	121	0	92
199	Itopia	121	1	92
200	Bowed Glass	121	0	93
201	Metallic Pad	121	0	94
202	Halo Pad	121	0	95
203	Sweep Pad	121	0	96
204	Ice Rain	121	0	97
205	Soundtrack	121	0	98
206	Crystal	121	0	99
207	Synth Mallet	121	1	99
208	Atmosphere	121	0	100
209	Brightness	121	0	101
210	Goblins	121	0	102
211	Echo Drops	121	0	103
212	Echo Bell	121	1	103
213	Echo Pan	121	2	103
214	Star Theme	121	0	104
215	Sitar 1	121	0	105
216	Sitar 2	121	1	105
217	Banjo	121	0	105
217	Shamisen	121	0	100
218	Koto	121	0	107
219	Taisho Koto	121	1	108
221	Kalimba	121	0	109
222	Bagpipe	121	0	110
223	Fiddle	121	0	111
224	Shanai	121	0	112
225	Tinkle Bell	121	0	113
226	Agogo	121	0	114
227	Steel Drums	121	0	115
228	Woodblock	121	0	116
229	Castanets	121	1	116
230	Taiko	121	0	117
231	Concert BD	121	1	117
232	Melodic Tom1	121	0	118
233	Melodic Tom2	121	1	118
234	Synth Drum	121	0	119
235	TR-808 Tom	121	1	119
	1			

Num	Name	MSB	LSB	PC
237	Reverse Cym.	121	0	120
238	Gt FretNoise	121	0	121
239	Gt Cut Noise	121	1	121
240	BsStringSlap	121	2	121
241	Breath Noise	121	0	122
242	Fl.Key Click	121	1	122
243	Seashore	121	0	123
244	Rain	121	1	123
245	Thunder	121	2	123
246	Wind	121	3	123
247	Stream	121	4	123
248	Bubble	121	5	123
249	Bird 1	121	0	124
250	Dog	121	1	124
251	Horse Gallop	121	2	124
252	Bird 2	121	3	124
253	Telephone 1	121	0	125
254	Telephone 2	121	1	125
255	DoorCreaking	121	2	125
256	Door	121	3	125
257	Scratch	121	4	125
258	Wind Chimes	121	5	125
259	Helicopter	121	0	126
260	Car Engine	121	1	126
261	Car Stop	121	2	126
262	Car Pass	121	3	126
263	Car Crash	121	4	126
264	Siren	121	5	126
265	Train	121	6	126
266	Jetplane	121	7	126
267	Starship	121	8	126
268	Burst Noise	121	9	126
269	Applause	121	0	127
270	Laughing	121	1	127
271	Screaming	121	2	127
272	Punch	121	3	127
273	Heart Beat	121	4	127
274	Footsteps	121	5	127
275	Gun Shot	121	0	128
276	Machine Gun	121	1	128
277	Laser Gun	121	2	128
278	Explosion	121	3	128

(FP-7 Only) * When select ToneWheel Organ, send the System Exclusive of footage setting.

TW-Organ 1	81	0	1
TW-Organ 2	81	0	2
TW-Organ 3	81	0	3
TW-Organ 4	81	0	4
TW-Organ 5	81	0	5
TW-Organ 6	81	0	6
	TW-Organ 2 TW-Organ 3 TW-Organ 4 TW-Organ 5	TW-Organ 2 81 TW-Organ 3 81 TW-Organ 4 81 TW-Organ 5 81	TW-Organ 2 81 0 TW-Organ 3 81 0 TW-Organ 4 81 0 TW-Organ 5 81 0